



# Pinellas Environmental Restoration Project

## Sitewide Environmental Monitoring Quarterly Progress Report for the Young-Rainey STAR Center July Through September 2004

October 2004



U.S. Department  
of Energy



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Quarterly Progress Report  
for the  
Young - Rainey STAR Center**

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Work Performed by S.M. Stoller Corporation under DOE Contract No. DE-AC01-02GJ79491  
for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Legacy Management, Grand Junction, Colorado

# Contents

## Page

Acronyms and Abbreviations .....	iv
1.0 Introduction .....	1
1.1 Building 100 Area.....	2
1.2 Northeast Site.....	3
1.3 WWNA/Building 200 Area .....	5
1.4 Site Update.....	6
1.5 Quarterly Site Activities .....	6
2.0 Water-Level Elevations .....	7
2.1 Work Conducted and Methods .....	7
2.2 Ground Water Flow .....	7
3.0 Ground Water Sampling and Analytical Results .....	8
3.1 Work Performed .....	8
3.2 Analytical Results.....	9
3.2.1 Northeast Site (PIN15).....	9
3.2.2 Building 100 Area (PIN06, PIN09, PIN10, PIN12, and PIN21) .....	9
3.2.3 Wastewater Neutralization Area (PIN18) .....	9
3.3 Quality Assurance/Quality Control .....	10
4.0 Treatment System and Recovery Well Performance .....	11
4.1 Northeast Site and Building 100.....	11
4.2 Wastewater Neutralization Area.....	12
5.0 Conclusions .....	12
6.0 Tasks to be Performed Next Quarter.....	13
7.0 References .....	13

## Figures

Figure 1. Young - Rainey STAR Center Location .....	15
Figure 2. Location of STAR Center Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs).....	16
Figure 3. Ground Water Elevations and Shallow Surficial Aquifer Flow, Northeast Site, July 2004.....	17
Figure 4. Ground Water Elevations and Deep Surficial Aquifer Flow, Northeast Site, July 2004.....	18
Figure 5. Ground Water Elevations and Shallow Surficial Aquifer Flow, Building 100 Area, July 2004.....	19
Figure 6. Ground Water Elevations and Deep Surficial Aquifer Flow, Building 100 Area, July 2004 .....	20
Figure 7. Northeast Site Total COPC Concentrations July 2004 Sampling Event.....	21
Figure 8. Building 100 Area Total COPC Concentrations July 2004 Sampling Event.....	22
Figure 9. WWNA Total COPC Concentrations July 2004 Sampling Event .....	23
Figure 10. July 2004 Building 100 Ground Water Recovery .....	24
Figure 11. August 2004 Building 100 Ground Water Recovery .....	24
Figure 12. September 2004 Building 100 Ground Water Recovery.....	25

## Tables

Table 1. WWNA Recovery Well Startup Monitoring Arsenic Concentrations.....	26
Table 2. Water-Level Data at the STAR Center .....	28
Table 3. Floridan Aquifer Monitoring Well Water Elevations.....	32
Table 4. Vertical Hydraulic Differential.....	32
Table 5. Surface Water Elevations.....	32
Table 6. Field Measurements of Samples Collected at the STAR Center .....	33
Table 7. COPC Concentrations at the Northeast Site .....	34
Table 8. COPC Concentrations at the Building 100 Area .....	38
Table 9. COPC Concentrations at the Wastewater Neutralization Area .....	43
Table 10. Relative Percent Difference (RPD) for Duplicate Samples.....	45
Table 11. Summary of Analytical Results for the Building 100 Area Treatment System.....	46
Table 12. Historical Summary of Ground Water Recovery from the Building 100 Recovery Wells.....	47
Table 13. Estimated Mass of VOCs Recovered from the Northeast Site and Building 100 Recovery Wells During July, August, and September 2004.....	48

## Plates

- Plate 1 Sitewide Shallow Surficial Aquifer Contours
- Plate 2 Sitewide Deep Surficial Aquifer Contours

## Appendices

- Appendix A Laboratory Reports—July 2004 Quarterly Results
- Appendix B Laboratory Reports for Building 100 Treatment System—July through  
September 2004
- Appendix C Laboratory Reports for WWNA—July through September 2004

## Acronyms and Abbreviations

bls	below land surface
°C	degrees Celsius
CMS	Corrective Measures Study
CMIP	Corrective Measures Implementation Plan
COPC	contaminant of potential concern
DCE	dichloroethene
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy
EA	environmental assessment
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FDEP	Florida Department of Environmental Protection
FONSI	Finding of No Significant Impacts
ft	feet
ft/ft	feet per foot
gpm	gallons per minute
HSWA	Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendment
HRC	Hydrogen Release Compound <sup>®</sup>
ICM	interim corrective measures
IMW	Interim Measures Work (Plan)
IWNF	Industrial Wastewater Neutralization Facility
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MSL	mean sea level
µmhos/cm	micromhos per centimeter
µg/L	micrograms per liter
mg/L	milligrams per liter
mV	millivolt
NAPL	non-aqueous phase liquid
NEPA	National Environmental Policy Act
NGVD	national geodetic vertical datum
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
PCIC	Pinellas County Industrial Council
QA/QC	quality assurance/quality control
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RFA	RCRA Facility Assessment
RPD	relative percent difference
STAR Center	Young - Rainey Science, Technology, and Research Center
SWMU	solid-waste management unit
TCE	trichloroethene
TCOPC	total contaminant of potential concern
VOCs	volatile organic compounds
WWNA	Wastewater Neutralization Area

## 1.0 Introduction

The Young - Rainey Science, Technology, and Research Center (STAR Center) is a former U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) facility constructed in the mid-1950s in Pinellas County, Florida. The 99-acre STAR Center is located in Largo, Florida, and lies in the northeast quarter of Section 13, Township 30 South, Range 15 East (Figure 1). The STAR Center, while owned by DOE, primarily manufactured neutron generators for nuclear weapons. Other products manufactured at the STAR Center have included radioisotopically powered thermoelectric generators, thermal batteries, specialty capacitors, crystal resonators, neutron detectors, lightning-arrestor connectors, and vacuum-switch tubes. In 1987, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) performed a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Assessment (RFA) at the site to gather information on potential releases of hazardous materials. In February of 1990, EPA issued a Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendment (HSWA) permit to DOE, enabling DOE to investigate and perform remediation activities in those areas contaminated by hazardous materials resulting from DOE operations. On March 17, 1995, DOE sold the facility to the Pinellas County Industrial Council (PCIC). The sales contract included clauses to ensure continued compliance with Federal, State, and local regulations while DOE remediates the site. On July 1, 1999, the PCIC was disestablished and ownership of the STAR Center changed to the Pinellas County government. In November 2000, the State of Florida received HSWA authorization from the EPA. The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) issued a new HSWA Permit to DOE in January 2002.

Administration of DOE activities at the facility is the responsibility of the DOE Office of Legacy Management in Grand Junction, Colorado. S.M. Stoller Corporation (Stoller), a prime contractor to DOE's Office of Legacy Management in Grand Junction, provides technical support to DOE for remediation and closure of all active solid-waste management units (SWMUs) on site.

The EPA RFA Report and the HSWA permit identified 15 sites at the former DOE facility that may have experienced environmental contamination as a result of past activities. Upon completion of the RCRA Facility Investigation, 11 of the 15 SWMUs were recommended by DOE and approved by EPA Region IV and the FDEP for no further action (DOE 1994). A twelfth site, the Former Pistol Range Site, was remediated in 1993 and recommended by DOE and approved by EPA Region IV and the FDEP for no further action.

Two additional SWMUs, the West Fenceline Site and the Wastewater Neutralization Area/Building 200 (WWNA/Building 200), were identified after the HSWA permit was issued, bringing the total to 17 SWMUs that have been identified and investigated at the STAR Center. Remediation of the West Fenceline Site was completed in 1997 and DOE recommended, and EPA Region IV and FDEP approved, no further action. A Corrective Measures Study (CMS)/Corrective Measures Implementation Plan (CMIP) was prepared and submitted in 1997 to EPA Region IV and FDEP to address the contamination at the WWNA/Building 200 Area.

Therefore, there are currently four sites that have contamination in the surficial aquifer ground water at levels in excess of protective standards. These four SWMUs, the Old Drum Storage Site (PIN06), the Industrial Drain Leaks-Building 100 Area (PIN12), the Northeast Site (PIN15), and the WWNA/Building 200 Area (PIN18), are undergoing remediation activities. Two SWMUs, PIN06 and PIN12, are currently being remediated together because of their similar ground water

contamination and proximity. These two SWMUs are collectively known as the Building 100 Area. [Figure 2](#) depicts the location of the four SWMUs.

Additional background information relative to each SWMU is briefly described below. This document also serves as the quarterly progress report for each of these four SWMUs. The results of monitoring activities, a summary of the treatment system performance, and a summary of ongoing and projected work are provided in this report.

## 1.1 Building 100 Area

The Building 100 Area (PIN06 and PIN12) is located in the southeast portion of the STAR Center. The Old Drum Storage Site is the former location of a concrete storage pad equipped with a drain and containment system used to store hazardous waste including dichloromethane (also known as methylene chloride), ignitable liquids, arsenic, and calcium chromate solids (DOE 1987a). Empty drums containing residual waste solvents were also stored in this area (DOE 1987b). The concrete pad was located near the northwest corner of Building 100. The pad was removed in October 1983 in accordance with an FDEP closure permit (DOE 1987a), and a closure report was submitted to the FDEP in August 1986 (DOE 1986). The decommissioning of the pad and the cessation of drum storage effectively removed the potential for a future contaminant source at PIN06.

Building 100 is the largest building at the STAR Center and covers approximately 11 acres. In the past, offices, laboratories, and production facilities for the DOE were housed in the building. SWMU PIN12 consists of the liquid waste drainage system serving Building 100. Four individual drainage systems (sanitary, chemical, health physics, and storm water) were present within the building. In 1989, all four drainage systems were investigated, including verifying the system routing and the condition of underground and above-ground piping and ancillary equipment (EMC 1989). As a result of this investigation, the health physics and chemical drainage systems were flushed, grouted, and abandoned (DOE 1997). Some of the chemical drain lines were replaced by an above-ground system currently used by tenants of the building.

A CMS and CMIP were completed and approved for the Building 100 Area because volatile organic compounds (VOCs) concentrations measured in ground water at the Old Drum Storage Site (PIN06) and one monitoring well located at the northwest corner of Building 100 (PIN12) exceeded the Safe Drinking Water Act and FDEP maximum contaminant levels (MCLs). Subsequent investigations revealed elevated VOCs concentrations under Building 100 and downgradient to the southeast as well. On August 15, 2000, EPA approved the Building 100 CMIP Addendum. FDEP approved this same document on November 15, 1999.

Commencing in May 2001, DOE began an analysis of the potential remediation strategies for the three Building 100 Area tasks: plume control, source treatment, and dissolved phase treatment. The *Building 100 Area Remediation Technology Screening Report* (DOE 2001) was prepared and assembled a list of remediation technologies, categorized them into the remediation tasks, and conducted an initial screening of the technologies. This initial screening eliminated the technologies that obviously would not work and recommended technologies that should be retained for detailed evaluation at a later time. The final technology for each task will be identified at a later date.

The *Building 100 Area Plume Control Technology Selection Report*, prepared in February 2002, conducted a detailed evaluation of five plume control technologies and recommended a technology that should be implemented for plume control at the Building 100 Area. Based on this evaluation, enhanced bioremediation was recommended to control the contaminant plume.

In-situ enhanced bioremediation to control the plume of dissolved contaminants at the Building 100 Area began as a pilot study on March 11, 2003. Hydrogen Release Compound<sup>®</sup> (HRC) was injected around three ground water monitoring wells through nine injection points surrounding each monitoring well. Ground water samples have been collected from each of the three monitoring wells at approximately 2-month intervals through May 2004 to track the progress of HRC at remediating site contaminants in the subsurface. HRC was selected because it is an effective technology for optimizing degradation rates of chlorinated hydrocarbons dissolved in ground water. The continuous hydrogen source provided by the HRC can reduce the concentration of dissolved phase chlorinated hydrocarbons by greatly enhancing the reductive dechlorination process that occurs naturally at the Building 100 Area. The *In-Situ Enhanced Bioremediation Technology to Control the Plume of Dissolved Contaminants at the Building 100 Area of the Young - Rainey STAR Center Pilot Test* final report was received from the subcontractor on April 5, 2004. The results of the pilot test indicate that the injection of HRC had a limited influence in the pilot test area. This conclusion is based on increasing concentrations of the metabolic acids (as produced from HRC) and the decreasing concentrations of sulfate and iron and the observation of ethene at one location. A supplemental sampling event was conducted in May 2004, after which the pilot test was considered complete. Stoller is continuing to assess the factors that potentially limit the biodegradation process.

## 1.2 Northeast Site

In the late 1960s, before construction of the East Pond, drums of waste and construction debris were disposed of in the swampy area of the Northeast Site. The East Pond was excavated in 1968 as a borrow pit. In 1986, an expansion of the East Pond was initiated to create additional storm-water retention capacity. Excavation activities ceased when contamination was detected directly west of the East Pond. EPA identified the Northeast Site as a SWMU. An Interim Corrective Measures (ICM) Study was developed and submitted to EPA and approval of this document was received in October 1991. An interim ground water recovery system for the Northeast Site was installed, and operation commenced in January 1992. The implementation of this ICM system at this site is consistent with the regulatory goals of the EPA's RCRA Corrective Actions (Subpart S).

The ICM system, as initially installed, consisted of four recovery wells equipped with pneumatic recovery pumps, a holding tank, centrifugal transfer pumps, and approximately 2,500 feet (ft) of transfer and secondary containment piping. During 1993, DOE proposed a reconfigured system for the site consisting of four shallow and three deep recovery wells. After EPA approved the system upgrade, the system was reconfigured and became operational on March 1, 1994.

Between August and October 1995, after EPA and FDEP approval, a portion of the Northeast Site was excavated to remove debris and other materials that could inhibit future corrective measures. Location of the areas of excavation was based primarily on the results of a geophysical survey and knowledge of existing utility locations. Detailed descriptions of the debris removal

activities were submitted to EPA and FDEP as part of the *Northeast Site Interim Measures Quarterly Progress Report* (DOE 1996).

In 1996, DOE submitted a CMIP to EPA Region IV and FDEP. This plan was approved by both regulatory agencies in 1997. As part of the Northeast Site CMS and CMIP, a pump-and-treat system in conjunction with a subsurface hydrogeologic barrier wall to prevent migration of the contaminant plume was identified as the best available technology. A pretreatment system for iron removal, an air stripper unit, and a tank for holding treated ground water before discharge to the Pinellas County Publicly Owned Treatment Works were recommended. The treatment system was constructed in early 1997 and became operational by July 1997 with seven Northeast Site recovery wells and two Building 100 recovery wells pumping to the system influent tank. Subsequently several additional recovery wells were installed, and some of the old recovery wells were abandoned.

During 1997, anaerobic bioremediation and rotary steam stripping pilot tests were conducted in the northern and southern portions of the Northeast Site, respectively. These tests were designed by an Innovative Treatment Remediation Demonstration group of regulatory and industry members to provide remedial options at the STAR Center. At the conclusion of the field tests in July 1997, pump-and-treat technology resumed at the Northeast Site.

*An Interim Measures Work (IMW) Plan for Remediation of Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids at the Northeast Site* was submitted to FDEP in late November 2001. The purpose of this document was to present the plan for the interim measure to remediate non-aqueous phase liquids (NAPLs) at the Northeast Site. An ICM is warranted because it supports the long-term corrective action to remediate the dissolved phase contamination in the surficial aquifer to FDEP drinking water MCLs. Without this measure, NAPLs will continue to act as a source of dissolved contamination, resulting in contaminant concentrations in ground water well above the MCLs. FDEP approved this document on January 10, 2002.

Concurrent with the preparation of the IMW Plan, an Environmental Checklist recommending a Categorical Exclusion was prepared and approved by DOE on December 19, 2001. The Categorical Exclusion pathway was approved based upon the fact that the NAPL remediation of Area A is a small-scale, short-term cleanup action and the siting, construction, and operation of treatment facilities are temporary and pilot-scale in size.

A National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Action Review was conducted for the interim measure source removal action at Area B in October of 2002. A summary of the review concluded that Area B remediation would impact an area of approximately 38,000 square ft. The footprint of the above ground treatment system would be about 80 ft by 80 ft, and an estimated 84,000 gallons per day of ground water would be processed over a 24-week period of operation. The proposed interim measure, although not specifically identified in the 1995 *Environmental Assessment of Corrective Action at the Northeast Site* (EA), was determined to be within the scope of the proposed actions. The remedial activity would occur within the same physical boundaries and address the same contaminants identified in the EA, but in a more concentrated form. Because the EA provided for “design modifications to reflect technological advances or site-specific conditions,” it was determined that the NAPL remediation of Area B was within the scope of the existing EA. However, this flexibility was not mentioned in the Finding of No Significant Impacts (FONSI) document signed in May 1995. Therefore, it was determined that

the appropriate action under NEPA would require an amendment to the FONSI to include the broader scope of activities from the EA and any additional impacts from the NAPL removal action. The FONSI was amended, reviewed by the DOE-Idaho NEPA Planning Board, and approved by the DOE Grand Junction Office NEPA Compliance Officer on February 24, 2003.

Construction of the NAPL Area A treatment system began in late May 2002, and system startup occurred on September 26, 2002. NAPL treatment was partially complete on January 31, 2003, and totally finished on February 28, 2003. Three post-treatment sampling events occurred in March, May, and August 2003. Demobilization activities began in early March and were completed in September. The *Northeast Site Area A NAPL Remediation Final Report* (DOE 2003), describing thermal remediation of Area A, was sent to stakeholders on September 25, 2003.

At the end of February 2004, a contract was awarded for the remediation of NAPL Area B using Electro-Thermal Dynamic Stripping Process. Construction of the NAPL Area B treatment system began in July 2004, and system startup is scheduled for mid-2005. Significant events associated with NAPL remediation during this reporting period are presented in the *Northeast Site Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids Interim Measures Progress Report July through September 2004* (DOE 2004a).

### **1.3 WWNA/Building 200 Area**

The WWNA/Building 200 Area includes the active Industrial Wastewater Neutralization Facility (IWNF), the area around Building 200, and the area south of the neutralization facility. The IWNF refers to the physical treatment facility that currently receives sanitary and industrial wastewater and has been in operation since 1957.

A CMS Report and CMIP were completed in 1997 for this SWMU because vinyl chloride, trichloroethene (TCE), and arsenic were detected in surficial aquifer ground water at concentrations above Federal and State MCLs. The recommended remediation alternative for the WWNA/Building 200 Area was ground water recovery with the Building 100 Area wells and an additional recovery well located in the WWNA. The CMIP recommended that recovered water from the additional well be discharged directly to the IWNF and that the recovery well in the WWNA/Building 200 Area will withdraw surficial aquifer ground water directly from the arsenic plume and thereby reduce the contaminant mass and prevent contaminant migration.

FDEP response to the CMS/CMIP concerning arsenic soil contamination in the upper 2 ft suggested that a treatment technology, air sparging, was eliminated too early. DOE then proposed a multi-phased Interim Action that included operating the recovery well for 6 months, then pulsing the system, as well as performing geochemical analyses and leaching studies of the site. On January 21, 1999, FDEP approved the proposed interim remedial action.

Additionally, EPA Region IV also approved the interim remedial action and concurred with the FDEP's position regarding the arsenic contamination. EPA also requested an addendum or modification to the CMIP that addresses DOE's final selection of the remediation technology and a timeline for the completion of these activities.

In early June 1999, the WWNA recovery well commenced operation. All arsenic concentrations from the WWNA recovery well, PIN18–RW01, were below the STAR Center’s daily maximum discharge standard for arsenic in wastewater of 0.20 milligrams per liter (mg/L) until shutdown.

Additional details concerning the impacts of ground water extraction are reported in the WWNA/Building 200 Area CMIP Addendum (DOE 2000b). Modifications to the recovery of ground water were proposed based on data collected through November 1999 and consisted of the installation of two new recovery wells screened at shallow intervals. The CMIP Addendum was submitted to the regulators and approved by FDEP and EPA. A Statement of Basis (DOE 2000a) was issued by DOE in late September 2000. This document provides a summary of environmental investigations and proposed cleanup alternatives for the WWNA/Building 200 Area. Current activities at the WWNA include ground water extraction from three recovery wells, PIN18–RW02, –RW03, and –RW0501, that discharge to the STAR Center’s wastewater system. [Table 1](#) lists the results of the analysis of arsenic in ground water that is being recovered from these three wells.

## 1.4 Site Update

With the exception of the Northeast Site NAPL Area B construction activities and normal operations of the Building 100 recovery wells and air stripper and WWNA recovery wells, no other work is being performed at the STAR Center. Significant events associated with NAPL remediation during this reporting period are presented in the *Northeast Site Non Aqueous Phase Liquids Interim Measures Progress Report July through September 2004* (DOE 2004a).

## 1.5 Quarterly Site Activities

Stoller personnel conducted the following tasks at the STAR Center to fulfill the requirements of the scope of work for quarterly sampling:

- Obtained water-level measurements from all accessible monitoring wells, recovery wells, and ponds on July 12, 2004.

- Conducted the quarterly sampling event in July 2004. The sampling event included collecting water samples from 33 monitoring and recovery wells. VOCs samples were collected at 26 wells and arsenic was sampled at seven monitoring and three recovery wells.

- Reported the results of quarterly sampling events (this document).

- Sampled backfill material for NAPL Area B construction (Ad Hoc PIN-AU).

- Performed Florida Petroleum Range Organic sampling on the monitor wells located inside remediated NAPL Area A. The sampling was performed to compare pre- and post-remediation contaminant levels.

## 2.0 Water-Level Elevations

### 2.1 Work Conducted and Methods

Within an 8-hour period on July 12, 2004, depth-to-water measurements were taken at all accessible monitoring wells and extraction wells at the STAR Center. The water levels were measured with an electronic water-level indicator with the exception of some of the ponds, which are measured with gauging stations. Ground water and surface-water elevations are listed in [Table 2](#).

### 2.2 Ground Water Flow

Ground water and surface-water elevations were used to construct sitewide ground water contour maps of the shallow and deep surficial aquifers ([Plates 1 and 2](#), respectively). Individual contour maps were also constructed for the shallow and deep surficial aquifers at the Northeast Site and the Building 100 Area ([Figure 3](#) through [Figure 6](#), respectively).

The water levels throughout the STAR Center indicate that the water table is highest in the north-central parts of the site ([Plates 1 and 2](#)). As ground water flows from this recharge area, it essentially disperses to the west, south, and east. These flow patterns are similar for both the shallow and deep surficial aquifers, and are consistent with previously observed flow patterns.

Along the northern boundary of the Northeast Site, the contours near the slurry wall for the past several years have indicated that the wall has been a significant barrier to ground water flow. As seen on [Figure 4](#), in July 2004 there was a differential of about 0.3 ft between the downgradient and upgradient sides of the wall as measured in monitoring wells PIN15–M24D and –M33D. This differential is less than the historical range of about 2 to 5 ft, and is believed to be the result of currently not withdrawing ground water at the Northeast Site due to NAPL treatment activities. This has in turn resulted in a return to more natural ground water flow patterns for the surficial aquifer, with flow primarily to the east. Water-table elevations indicate that the shallow surficial aquifer was slightly recharging the East Pond in July 2004 ([Figure 3](#)). This recharge pattern is similar to that observed in April 2004.

In the shallow surficial aquifer at the Northeast Site, the hydraulic gradient was approximately 0.006 feet per foot (ft/ft), with a general component of flow to the east ([Plate 1](#)). This flow pattern is similar to previously observed flow patterns under static, non-pumping conditions. Using Darcy's Law, along with approximations of 1 ft/day for hydraulic conductivity and 0.3 for effective porosity, ground water at the Northeast Site is estimated to move about 7 ft/year. This velocity is slightly less than previous estimates of 17 and 22 ft/year. Similar flow patterns were observed in the deep surficial aquifer ([Plate 2](#)).

In the south-central part of the STAR Center, surficial aquifer flow is influenced by ground water withdrawals from recovery wells PIN18–RW02, –RW03, and –RW0501 at the WUNA, and recovery wells PIN12–RW01 and –RW02 at Building 100 ([Figures 5 and 6](#)). During the previous five quarters, shallow ground water beneath Building 100 was observed to flow to the southeast under a very slight gradient. In July 2004, the overall general component of ground water flow was again to the southeast. The hydraulic gradient beyond the influence of pumping at the Building 100 Area was about 0.001 ft/ft. Using the approximations mentioned above,

ground water flow velocity in these areas is estimated to be less than 2 ft/year. Shallow ground water at the WWNA flows to the southeast, except where affected by recovery well withdrawals.

Water-level elevations in the three wells screened in the upper part of the Floridan aquifer are presented in [Table 3](#). The elevations in these wells indicate that the potentiometric surface of the Floridan aquifer at the site was similar or very slightly higher in July 2004 than in April 2004.

A downward vertical hydraulic differential of approximately 8.0 ft existed between the surficial aquifer wells and Floridan aquifer wells at the Northeast Site. [Table 4](#) illustrates the vertical hydraulic differential. This differential is consistent with the historical range of 5 to 9 ft.

Surface-water elevations were recorded from the East, South, West, and Southwest Ponds at the site and are presented in [Table 5](#). The ponds are hydraulically connected to the shallow surficial aquifer system (Plate 1). The South and Southwest Ponds elevations have always been essentially the same. The West Pond elevation was read from a new staff gauge that was installed on June 9, 2004.

## 3.0 Ground Water Sampling and Analytical Results

### 3.1 Work Performed

During quarterly sampling in July 2004, ground water samples were collected from 33 monitoring and recovery wells. VOCs analyses were performed on 26 samples using EPA Method SW-8260. Arsenic was analyzed in 10 samples using EPA SW-846 Method 8260. Laboratory reports are provided in [Appendix A](#).

During the period of July 1 to September 30, 2004, VOCs, SVOCs, iron, and hardness (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) were measured for the Building 100 treatment system and results are provided in [Appendix B](#). Laboratory reports for the three recovery wells and the two effluent samples from the WWNA are provided in [Appendix C](#).

All samples were collected in accordance with the *Stoller Sampling Procedures for the Young - Rainey STAR Center and 4.5 Acre Site* (DOE 2004b), using FDEP procedures. All samples collected were submitted to Accutest Laboratories for analysis. Accutest is accredited by the Florida Department of Health in accordance with the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference, certification number E83510. All but seven of the monitoring wells were micropurged using a dedicated bladder pump, and sampling was performed when the field measurements stabilized. The remaining wells were either low yielding wells which were pumped dry by the bladder pump or were conventionally purged with a peristaltic pump or a 2-inch diameter stainless-steel submersible pump; purging was considered complete once field measurements had stabilized. Extraction wells were sampled using their associated flowlines with dedicated sampling ports. [Table 6](#) lists field measurements of pH, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, turbidity, and temperature recorded at the time the samples were collected. Measurements were made with a flow cell and a multiparameter instrument.

## 3.2 Analytical Results

### 3.2.1 Northeast Site (PIN15)

Concentrations of contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) in samples collected from wells at the Northeast Site (PIN15) are included in [Table 7](#), which also shows the previous four quarters of data for comparison purposes. [Figure 7](#) shows the total COPCs (TCOPCs) concentrations.

No COPCs were detected in the five monitoring wells listed below:

PIN15-0568      PIN15-0570      PIN15-0571      PIN15-0572      PIN15-M31S

The 10 monitoring and recovery wells listed below contained detectable COPCs:

PIN15-0537      PIN15-0573      PIN15-0575      PIN15-0577      PIN15-M31D  
PIN15-0569      PIN15-0574      PIN15-0576      PIN15-0578      PIN15-RW16

TCOPCs concentrations ranged from below detection limit to 1,341 micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ ). Well PIN15-RW16 contained the highest TCOPC value, and the COPC compound detected at the highest concentration was vinyl chloride at 968  $\mu\text{g/L}$ .

### 3.2.2 Building 100 Area (PIN06, PIN09, PIN10, PIN12, and PIN21)

TCOPCs concentrations in samples collected from wells sampled at the Building 100 Area are included in [Table 8](#), which also shows the previous four quarters of data for comparison purposes. [Figure 8](#) shows the TCOPCs concentrations.

No COPCs were detected in the two monitoring wells listed below:

PIN12-S73B      PIN12-S73D

Samples from the six monitoring and recovery wells listed below contained COPCs at detectable levels. They are:

PIN12-0513      PIN12-0526      PIN12-RW02  
PIN12-0514      PIN12-RW01      PIN12-S73C

TCOPCs concentrations ranged from below detection limits to 8,664  $\mu\text{g/L}$ . The COPC compound detected at the highest concentration was TCE at 4,840  $\mu\text{g/L}$  in PIN12-RW01.

### 3.2.3 Wastewater Neutralization Area (PIN18)

The volatile COPC at the WWNA is vinyl chloride. It was not detected in any PIN18 wells during quarterly sampling.

Arsenic samples were collected from seven monitoring wells and three recovery wells. Results of arsenic samples from the three recovery wells that are sampled monthly are presented in [Table 1](#). Concentrations of COPCs from quarterly sampling are listed in [Table 9](#) and TCOPCs (arsenic and vinyl chloride) are shown in [Figure 9](#).

No arsenic was detected in the three wells listed below.

PIN18-0521          PIN18-0522          PIN18-0523

The seven monitoring and recovery wells listed below had detectable arsenic concentrations.

PIN18-0500          PIN18-0524          PIN18-RW02          PIN18-RW0501  
PIN18-0502          PIN18-0525          PIN18-RW03

The highest concentration of arsenic detected was 698 µg/L in PIN18-RW03 (note that the units for arsenic are converted from mg/L to µg/L so that TCOPCs for this area could be calculated using consistent units).

### 3.3 Quality Assurance/Quality Control

The analytical results from the analytical laboratory, Accutest, were checked for quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) through duplicate samples and trip blanks. Detected analytes (VOCs and arsenic) for each duplicate sample are listed in [Table 10](#). The duplicate sample results were compared and the relative percent differences (RPDs) between the results were calculated. There was one duplicate analyzed for VOCs during quarterly sampling, and two duplicates analyzed for arsenic.

A total of 38 duplicate analyses for individual analytes were performed. Sample duplicate pairs all met the guidance criteria for relative percent difference. All data passed QA/QC criteria at a Class A level, indicating that all data may be used for quantitative and qualitative purposes.

Duplicate samples should be collected at a frequency of one duplicate for every 20 or fewer samples. There were 26 ground water samples analyzed for VOCs, with one duplicate VOC sample collected. There were 10 ground water samples analyzed for arsenic, with two duplicate samples. The duplicate requirements for this sampling event were met for arsenic but were not met for VOCs.

During the quarterly sampling event three trip blanks and one equipment blank were submitted for analysis. All blanks were nondetect.

Field data validation showed that stabilization criteria were not met at eight of the 67 wells measured for field parameters. No significant deficiencies were found during validation of the field data collected during quarterly sampling.

A data validation software module for identifying and tracking anomalous ground water data points within the SEEPro database was implemented this quarter. The software prints a report of analytical results that fall outside of historical minimum or maximum values. Location PIN12-S73B is being tracked from the January and April events because it showed toluene detection in a well where it had not previously been present. No toluene was detected in this well during the July event. Tracking of toluene in this well will continue. During the August monthly sampling, the Building 100 Area treatment system influent sample showed methylene chloride at 66.2 µg/L. Methylene chloride has not previously been detected in the influent sample and is not

present in samples from monitoring wells at the site. The monthly sample from September showed that methylene chloride was non-detect. The influent will continue to be monitored on a monthly basis to determine if the methylene chloride is actually present or if it is a laboratory or sampling contaminant.

## 4.0 Treatment System and Recovery Well Performance

### 4.1 Northeast Site and Building 100

The new treatment system began treating ground water from the Building 100 Area recovery wells on May 5, 2004. The system and wells were operated for just a few hours to allow for sampling of the effluent and they were shut down after the sample was collected. This allowed time to review the analytical results to verify the air stripper was operating efficiently and within regulatory limits of the STAR Center's Wastewater Discharge Permit.

Based on the treatment system's effluent analytical results (Table 11), which are under the Discharge Permit limits, the new system and wells began continuous operations on Monday May 10, 2004.

The treatment system is a small skid-mounted assembly that contains a low-profile air stripper, a blower, and two transfer pumps. The air stripper contains four shallow trays to strip the VOCs from the ground water. The treatment system and a surge tank reside on a concrete containment pad. The following photograph shows the new Building 100 Area treatment system.



FeRemede<sup>®</sup> is being utilized at the new Building 100 Area treatment system to control the deposition of iron and hardness salts in the air stripper. Additionally, sodium hypochlorite is also being utilized as a microbiocide to control biological growth in the air stripper.

From July 1 through September 30, 2004, 410,734 gallons of ground water were processed by the Building 100 treatment system from the Building 100 Area recovery wells. Figures 10, 11, and 12 present the monthly volume of ground water recovered during this quarter from the Building 100 recovery wells.

Since startup of the Building 100 treatment system, a summary of ground water recovery volume from the Building 100 Area recovery wells is shown in Table 12.

Table 13 presents the calculated mass of selected analytes recovered with the Building 100 Area treatment system for each month of this reporting period. These monthly results are based on the influent ground water concentration and flow.

## 4.2 Wastewater Neutralization Area

Two WWNA recovery wells (PIN18–RW02 and –RW03) are targeted to each produce approximately 2.5 gallons per minute (gpm) continuously with an electrical submersible pump set in each well at approximately 12 ft below land surface (bls). During this quarter, maintenance activities at RW02 resulted in greater production of ground water.

The third recovery well, PIN18–RW0501 is operating at approximately 0.8 gpm with a submersible electric pump installed at 15 ft below top of casing. Ground water recovery from PIN18–RW0501 was started on June 11, 2003. To date, there have been no exceedances of the WWNA discharge permit limits for arsenic.

The effluent ground water from each well is combined into a common header pipe and discharged into the industrial wastewater-receiving tank at the IWNF. During this quarter, 675,996 gallons of ground water were recovered from the subsurface.

## 5.0 Conclusions

The following conclusions are based on the quarterly sampling conducted in July 2004.

The surficial ground water flow rate and flow direction throughout the site were similar to those observed in previous quarters.

The highest concentration of COPCs was detected at the Northeast Site in well PIN15–RW16.

## 6.0 Tasks to be Performed Next Quarter

The following tasks are expected to be conducted during the next quarterly period (October through December 2004):

- The next scheduled quarterly sampling event will occur in October 2004.
- Monthly sampling and analysis of ground water will continue in order to provide compliance and system operations data.
- Utilization of the dedicated bladder pumps for quarterly sampling using the micropurging technique will continue.
- Collect ground water samples from PIN12-0523, -S35B, -S57C, -0524, and -0526; and PIN15-0562, -0569, -0574, -0577, and -0537 and analyze them for a suite of natural attenuation analytes. The analytes to be measured are total organic carbon, biochemical oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, ammonia, total phosphate, orthophosphate, chloride, sulfate, sulfide, nitrate, and nitrite. Additionally, the field analytes alkalinity, total iron, and ferrous iron will also be analyzed for in the field.

## 7.0 References

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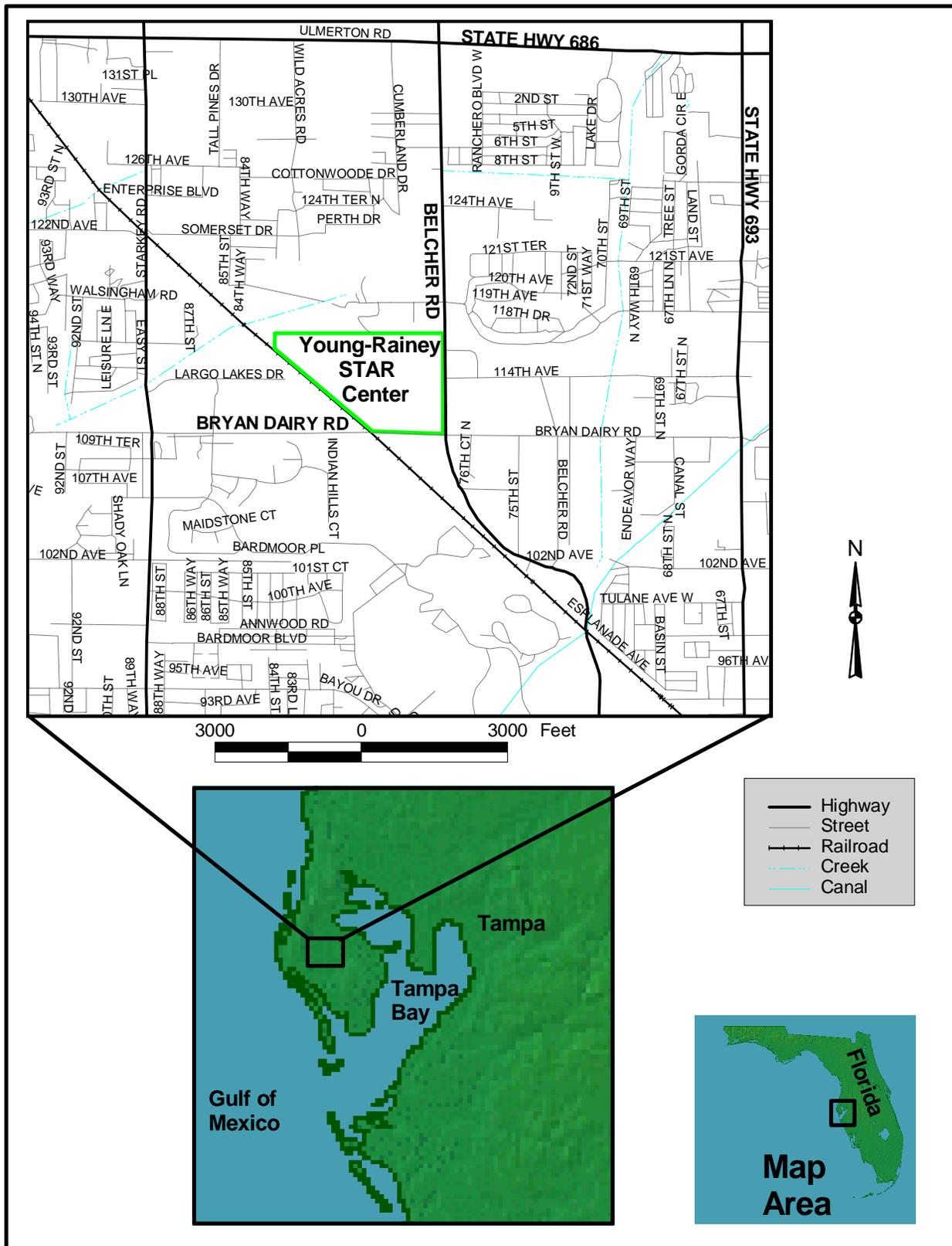
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Figure 1. Young - Rainey STAR Center Location

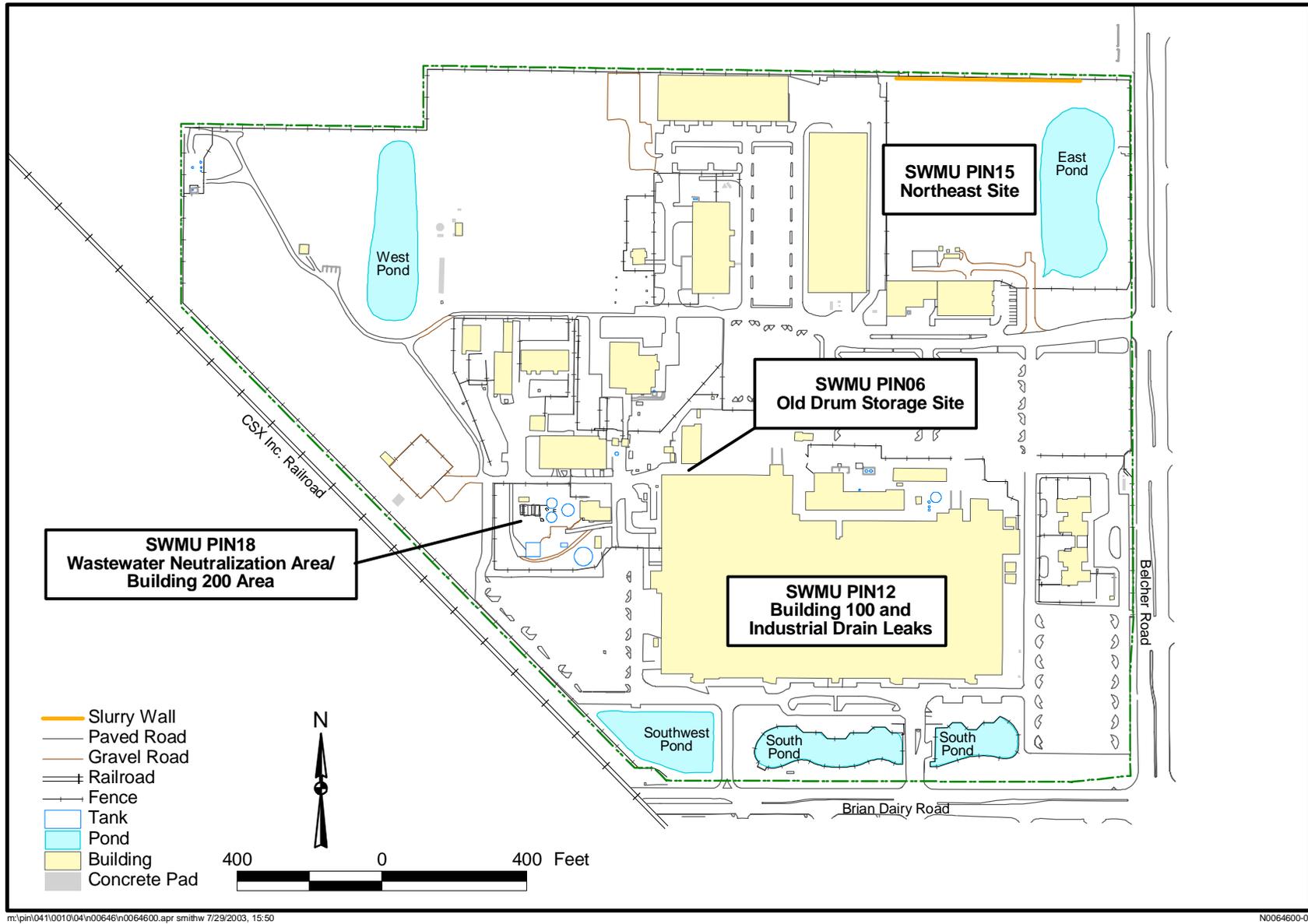
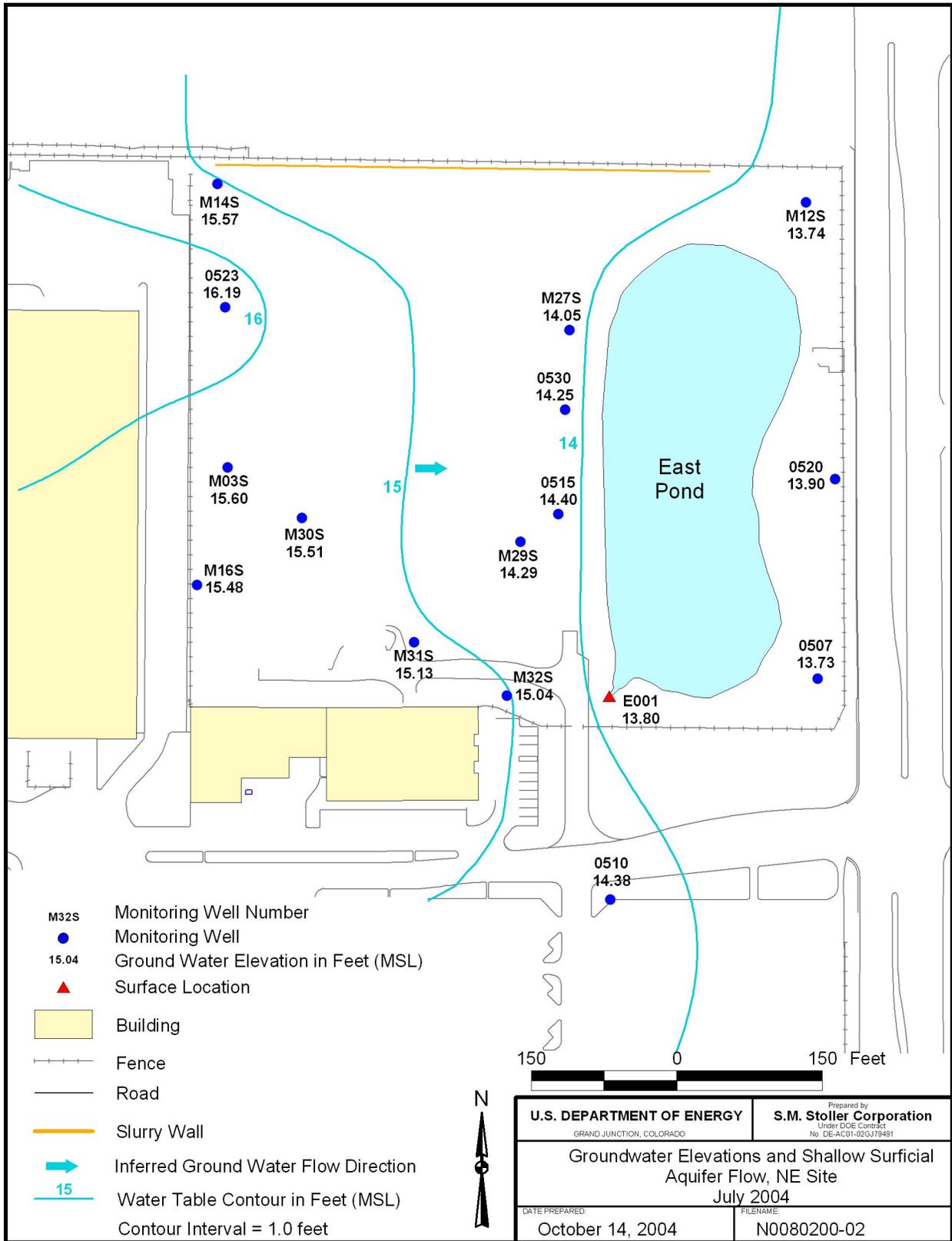
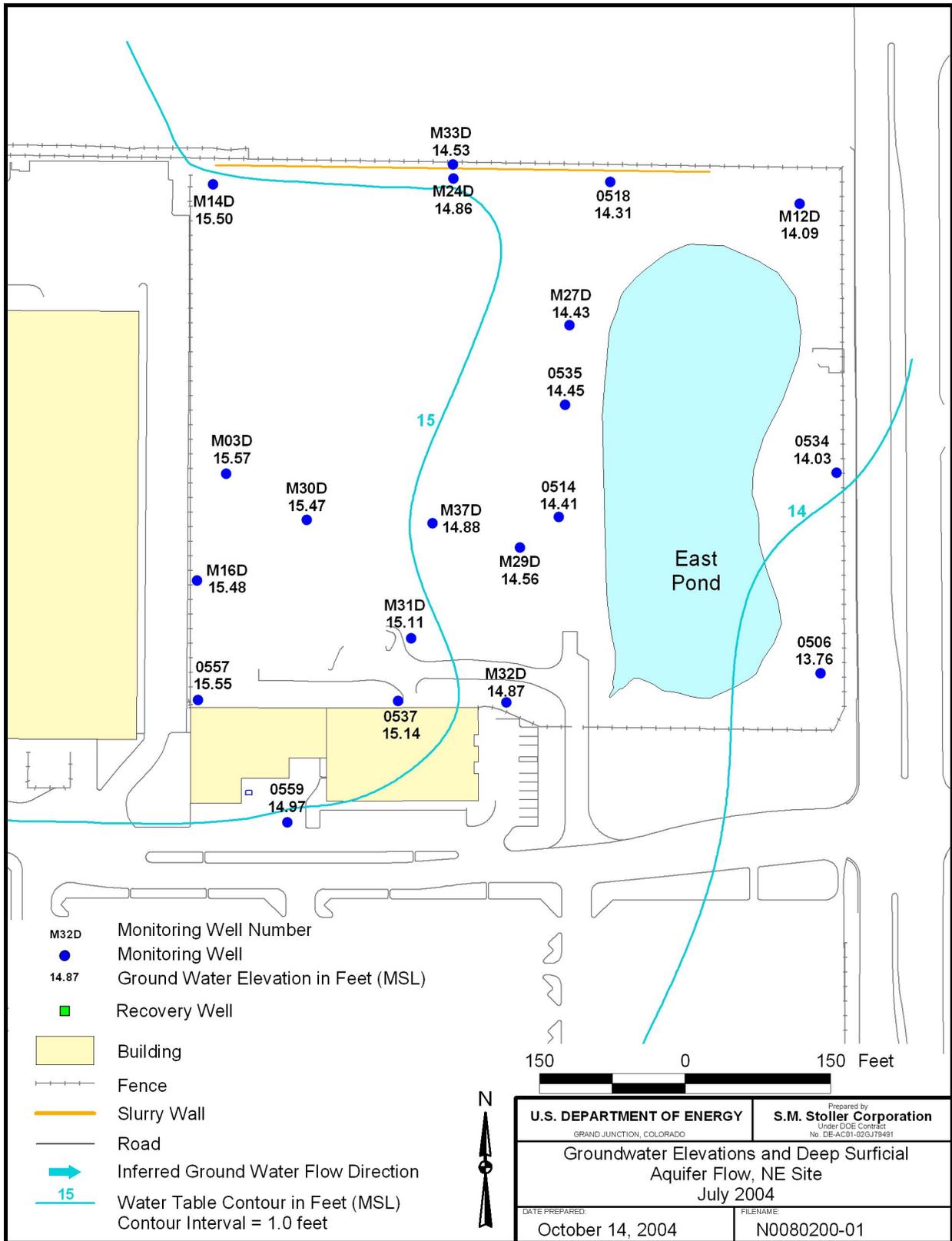


Figure 2. Location of STAR Center Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs)



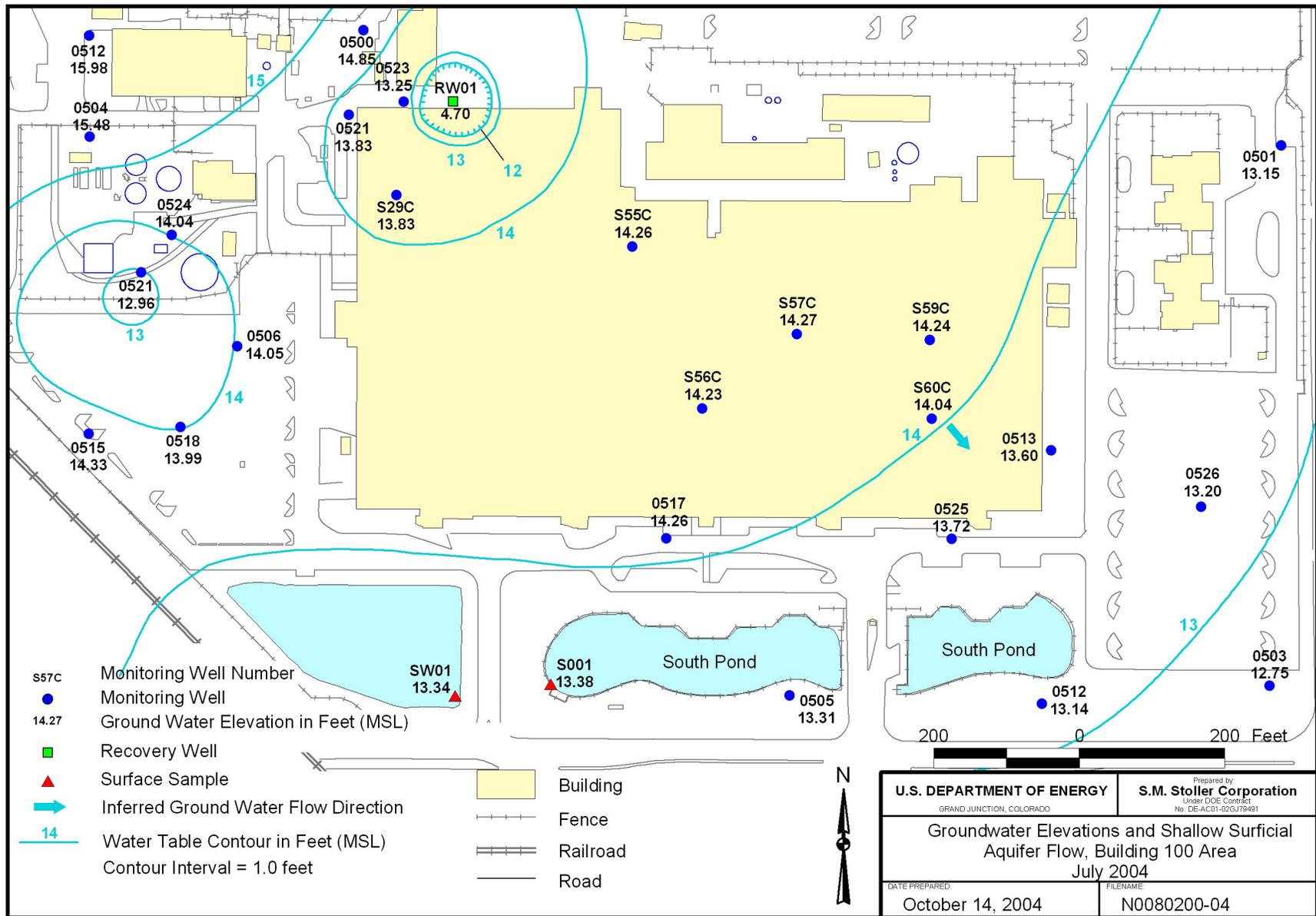
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Figure 3. Ground Water Elevations and Shallow Surficial Aquifer Flow, Northeast Site, July 2004



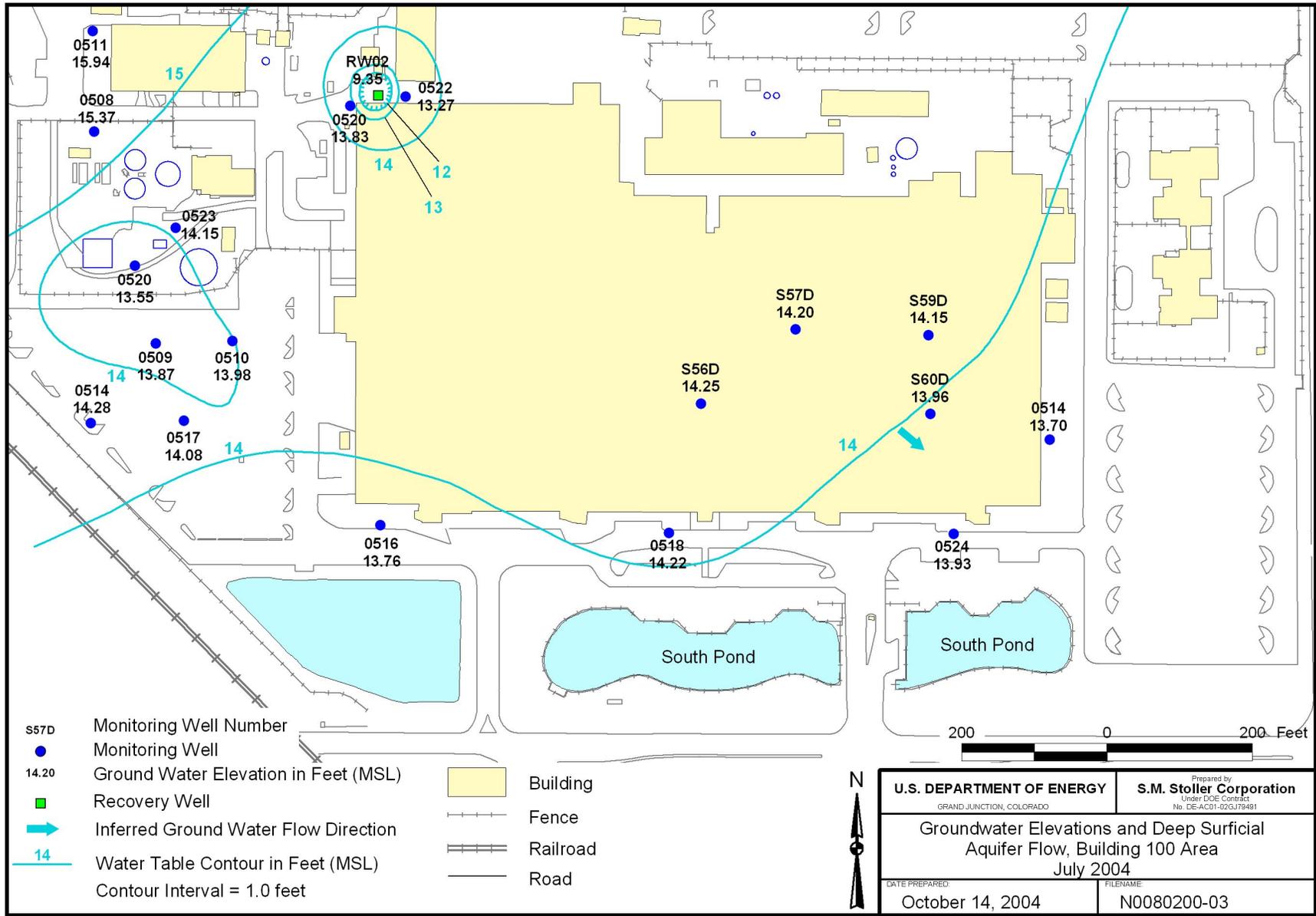
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Figure 4. Ground Water Elevations and Deep Surficial Aquifer Flow, Northeast Site, July 2004



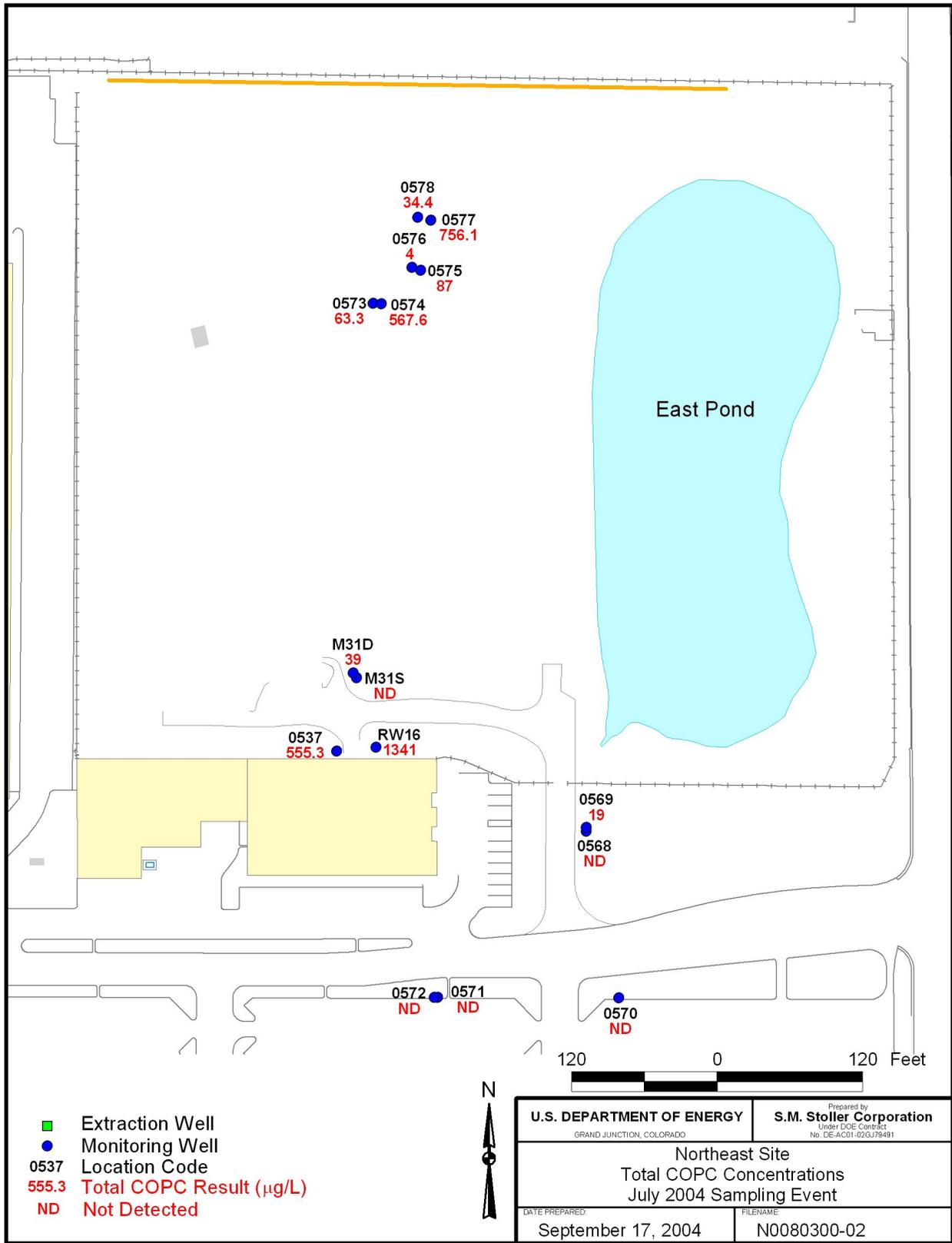
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Figure 5. Ground Water Elevations and Shallow Surficial Aquifer Flow, Building 100 Area, July 2004



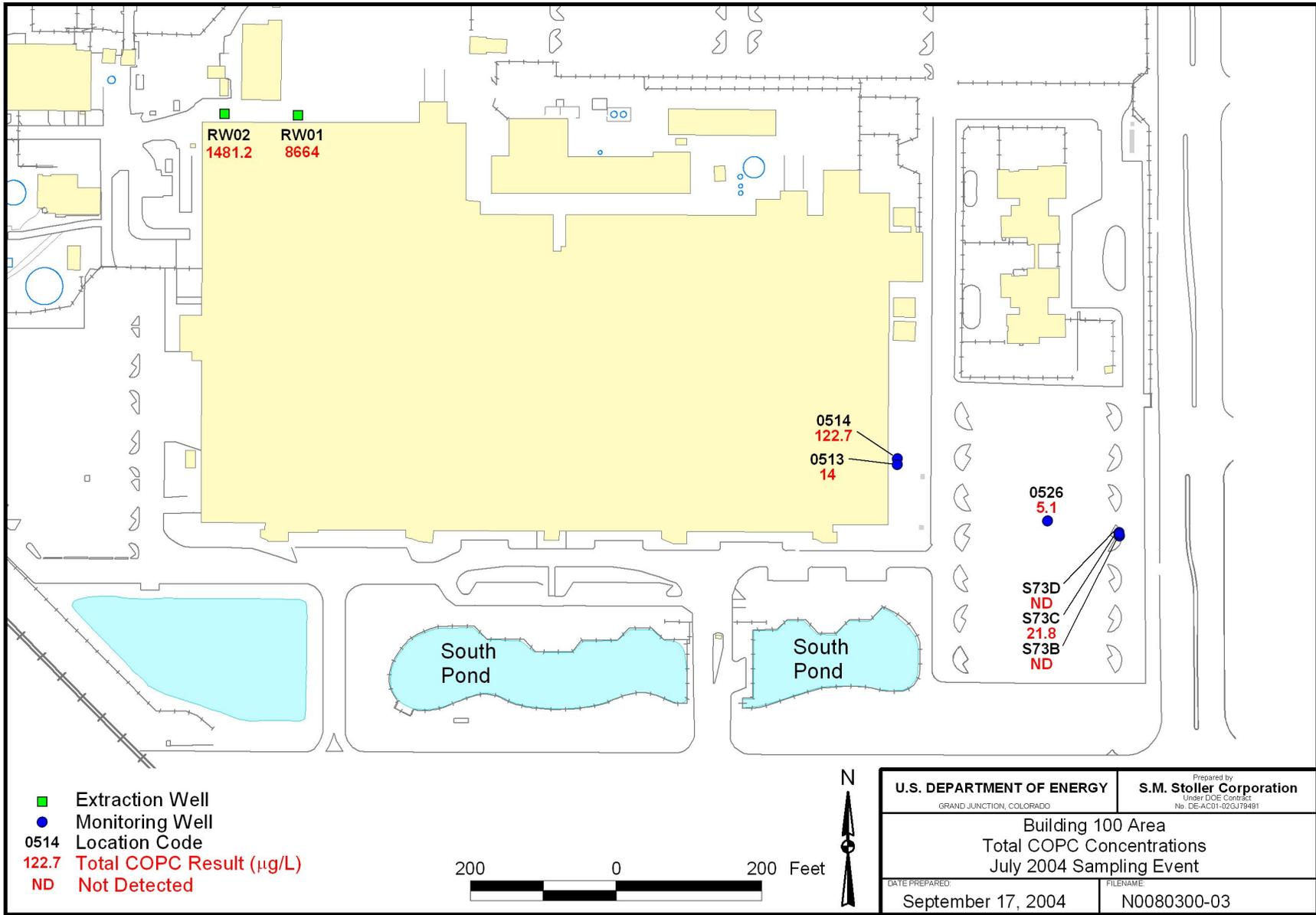
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Figure 6. Ground Water Elevations and Deep Surficial Aquifer Flow, Building 100 Area, July 2004



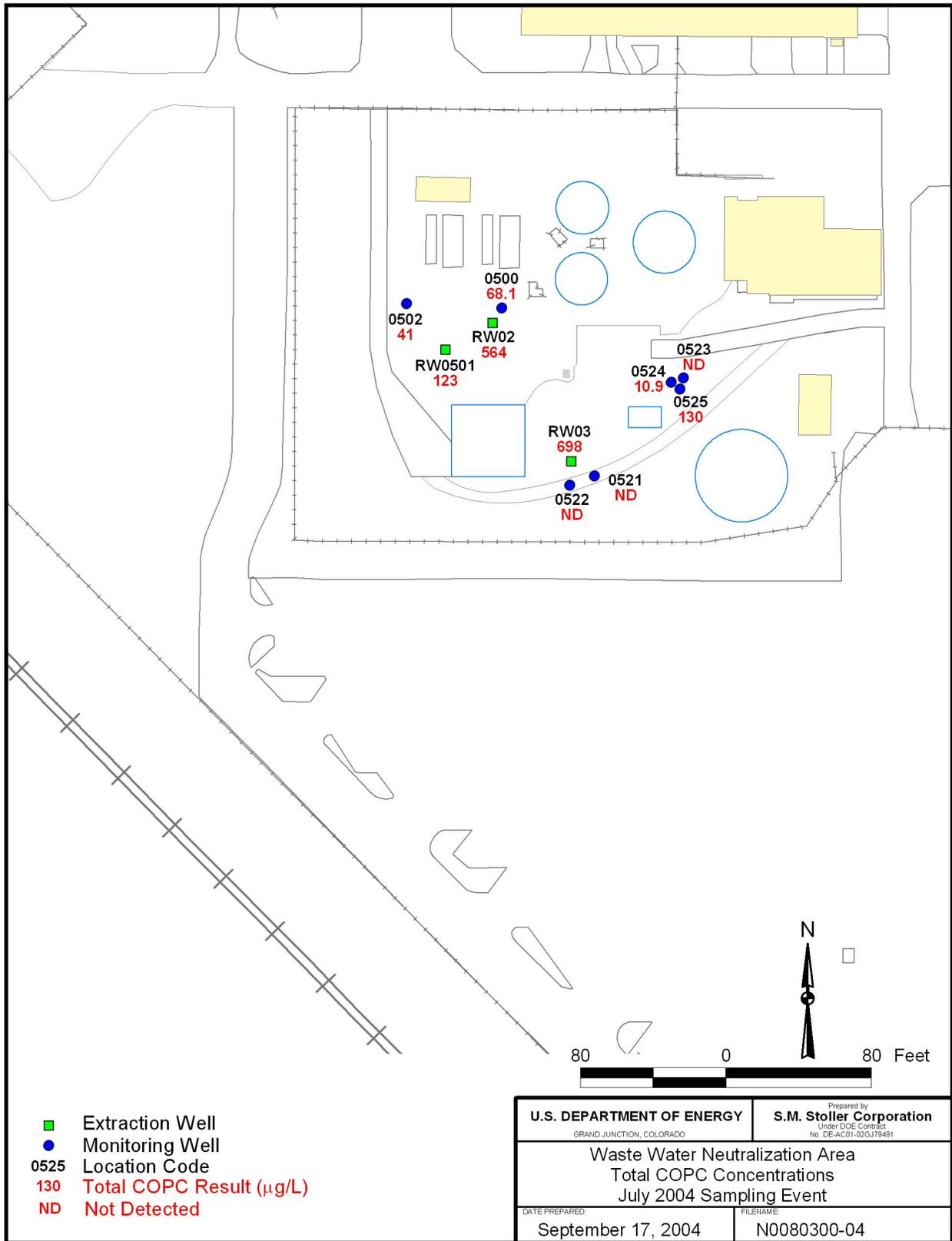
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Figure 7. Northeast Site Total COPC Concentrations July 2004 Sampling Event



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Figure 8. Building 100 Area Total COPC Concentrations July 2004 Sampling Event



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Figure 9. WWNA Total COPC Concentrations July 2004 Sampling Event

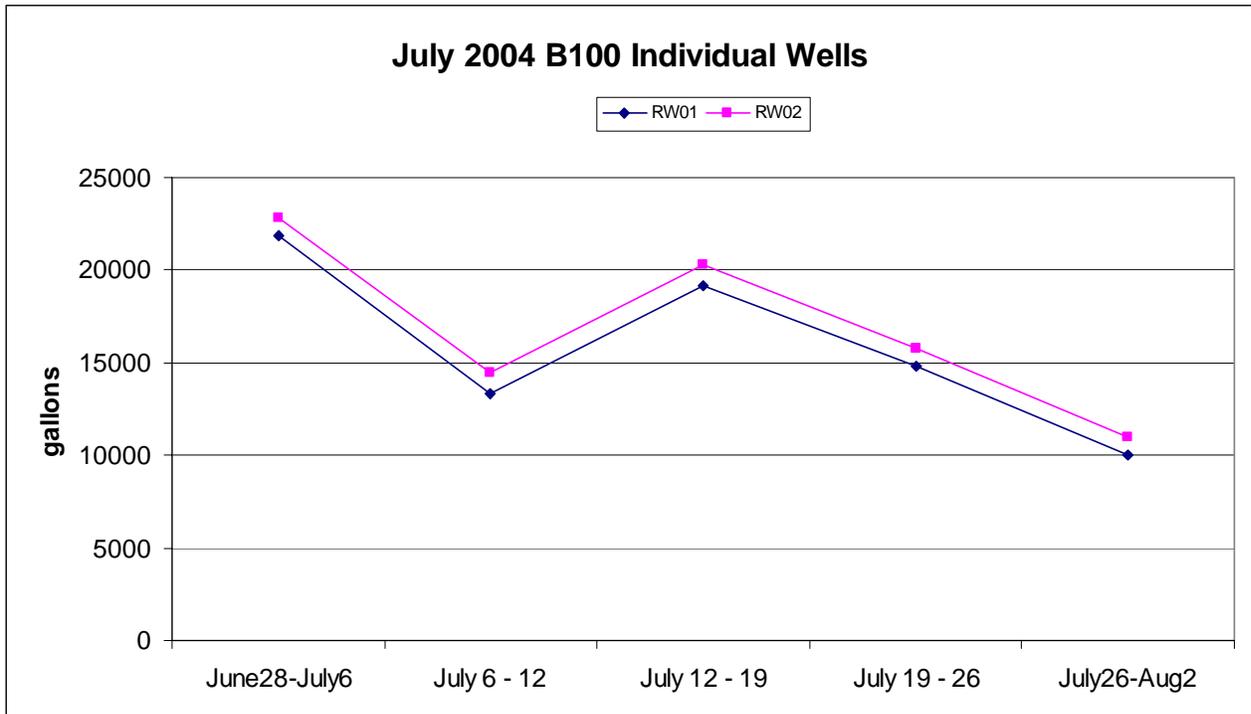


Figure 10. July 2004 Building 100 Ground Water Recovery

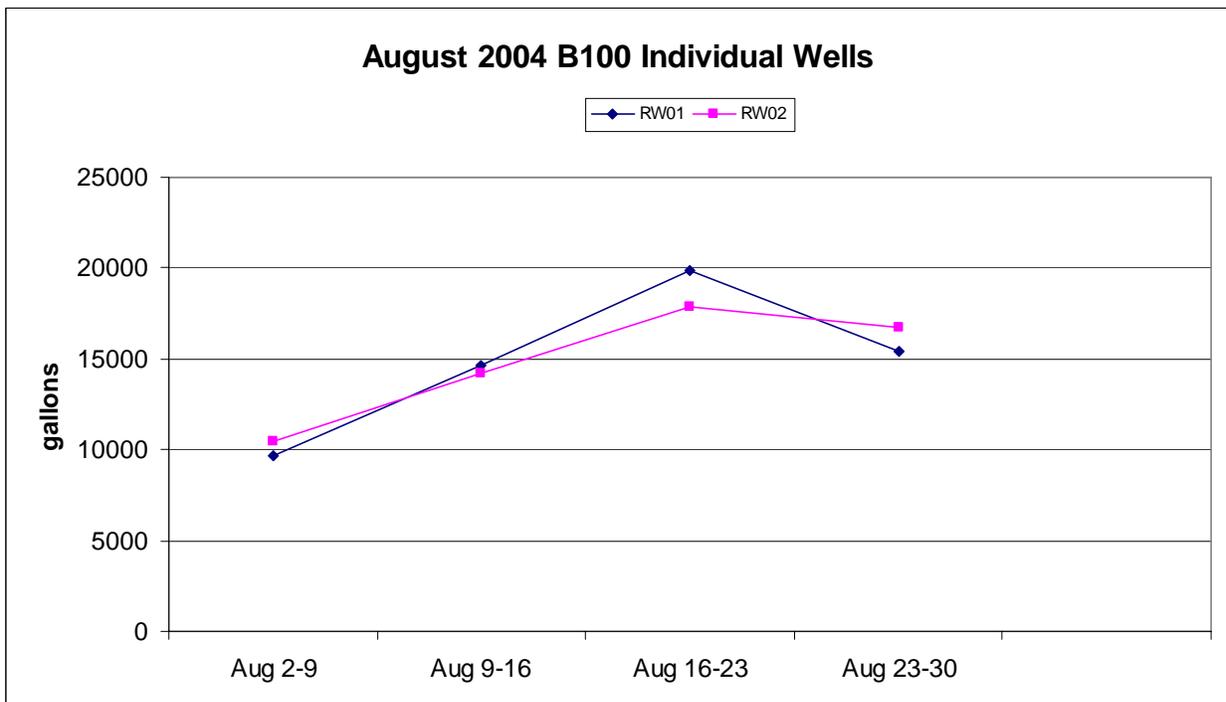


Figure 11. August 2004 Building 100 Ground Water Recovery

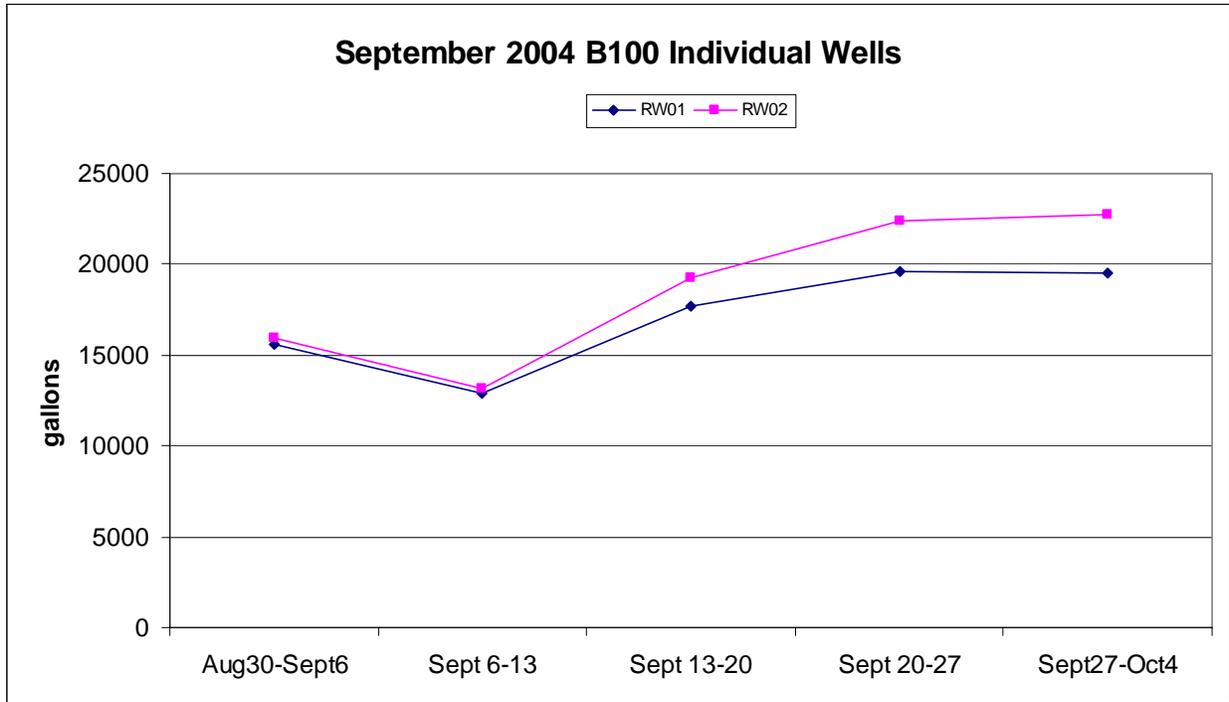


Figure 12. September 2004 Building 100 Ground Water Recovery

Table 1. WWNA Recovery Well Monitoring Arsenic Concentrations  
(reported in milligrams per liter)

Sample Date	RW02	RW03	RW0501 <sup>a</sup>	RW02/RW03/RW0501 combined effluent
2/26/2001	0.08	0.1		0.095
2/27/2001	0.074	0.1		0.091
2/28/2001	0.074	0.091		0.074
3/1/2001	0.084	0.096		0.088
3/2/2001	0.088	0.095		0.089
3/5/2001	0.13	0.22		0.1
3/12/2001	0.37	0.11		0.13
3/19/2001	0.42	0.12		0.12
3/26/2001	0.15	0.16		0.8
4/2/2001	0.18	0.12		0.13
4/16/2001	0.18	0.17		0.13
5/1/2001	0.16	0.071		0.1
5/15/2001	0.14	0.15		0.093
5/30/2001	0.13	0.07		0.16
6/11/2001	0.11	0.068		0.083
6/26/2001	0.13	0.067		0.096
7/9/2001	0.14	0.054		0.087
7/23/2001	0.14	0.25		0.074
8/6/2001	0.11	0.2		0.18
8/21/2001	0.13	0.074		0.084
9/5/2001	0.13	0.054		0.091
10/8/2001	0.11	0.14		0.07
11/6/2001	0.095	0.053		0.076
12/7/2001	0.13	0.081		0.084
1/10/2002	0.11	0.081		0.076
2/5/2002	0.11	0.055		0.075
3/6/2002	0.12	0.05		0.076
4/2/2002	0.084	0.055		0.069
4/15/2002	--	0.049		--
4/16/2002	0.078	--		--
5/8/2002	0.11	0.048		0.071
6/4/2002	0.095	0.078		0.058
7/3/2002	0.16	0.056		0.074
7/15/2002	0.098	0.057		--
8/8/2002	0.0036J	0.11		0.065
9/10/2002	0.12	0.097		0.07
10/3/2002	0.097	0.054		0.071
11/22/2002	0.11	0.067		0.057
12/11/2002	0.11	0.056		0.07
1/2/2003	0.097	0.049		0.064
1/13/2003	0.082	0.061		--
2/4/2003	0.12	0.047		0.063
3/4/2003	0.079	0.19		0.059

Table 1 (continued). WWNA Recovery Well Monitoring Arsenic Concentrations  
(reported in milligrams per liter)

Sample Date	RW02	RW03	RW0501 <sup>a</sup>	RW02/RW03/RW0501 combined effluent
4/7/2003	0.081	0.071		0.054
5/5/2003	0.074	0.038		0.052
6/3/2003	0.089	0.042		0.054
6/11/2003	0.07	0.044	0.42	0.073
6/12/2003	0.074	0.048	0.32	0.066
6/13/2003	0.072	0.075	0.21	0.066
6/16/2003	0.071	0.3	0.28	0.063
6/17/2003	0.068	0.11	0.26	0.066
6/24/2003	0.07	0.039	0.18	0.071
7/1/2003	0.059	0.038	0.18	0.064
7/10/2003	0.062	0.04	0.17	0.058
7/11/2003	0.056	0.034	0.24	0.054
7/14/2003	0.15	0.04	0.16	0.065
7/15/2003	0.071	0.038	0.19	0.055
7/16/2003	0.11	0.038	0.18	0.051
7/22/2003	0.15	0.041	0.16	0.054
7/31/2003	0.056	0.036	0.17	0.059
8/6/2003	0.069	0.041	0.16	0.062
9/3/2003	0.092	0.041	0.19	0.054
10/2/2003	0.13	0.032	0.14	0.054
11/5/2003	0.054	0.053	0.18	0.056
12/3/2003	0.076	0.044	0.18	0.062
1/7/2004	0.0363	0.0374	0.131	0.0467
2/3/2004	0.0433	0.0665	1.02	0.0481
3/3/2004	0.169	0.0435	0.142	0.0429
4/6/2004	0.0507	0.0483	0.147	0.0404
5/5/2004	0.0309	0.437	0.536	0.0706
6/1/2004	0.0541	0.23	3.13	0.0434
7/6/2004	0.564	0.698	0.123	0.0498
8/10/2004	0.049	0.0479	0.158	0.0339
9/9/2004	0.0427	0.0422	0.199	0.047

<sup>a</sup>Recovery well RW0501 was brought online on June 11, 2003.

-- = Not Measured.

J = Estimated value, result is between the reporting limit and the method detection limit.

Table 2. Water-Level Data at the STAR Center

Location	Measurement		Water Depth From Land Surface (Ft)	Ground Water Elevation (ft NGVD)
	Date	Time		
<b>PIN06</b>			<b>Old Drum Storage Site</b>	
0500	7/12/2004	14:40	3.58	14.42
0501	7/12/2004	13:55	4.04	14.26
<b>PIN09</b>			<b>Incinerator Site</b>	
0500	7/12/2004	14:41	3.45	14.52
<b>PIN10</b>			<b>Incinerator Ditch</b>	
0500	7/12/2004	14:44	3.05	14.85
<b>PIN12</b>			<b>Industrial Drain Leaks Bldg 100</b>	
0508	7/12/2004	15:08	3.67	14.69
0509	7/12/2004	15:06	3.69	14.35
0510	7/12/2004	15:00	3.99	14.07
0511	7/12/2004	14:12	3.72	14.08
0512	7/12/2004	14:09	2.85	13.96
0513	7/12/2004	15:14	4.90	13.60
0514	7/12/2004	15:13	4.80	13.70
0516	7/12/2004	14:34	4.24	13.76
0517	7/12/2004	14:45	3.64	14.26
0518	7/12/2004	14:42	3.72	14.22
0520	7/12/2004	14:40	4.18	13.83
0521	7/12/2004	14:39	4.22	13.83
0522	7/12/2004	14:47	4.93	13.27
0523	7/12/2004	14:40	4.91	13.25
0524	7/12/2004	14:47	3.48	13.93
0525	7/12/2004	14:47	3.70	13.72
0526	7/12/2004	15:24	3.62	13.20
0527	7/12/2004	14:02	11.79	6.28
0528	7/12/2004	14:08	11.47	6.13
RW01	7/12/2004	14:55	13.55	4.70
RW02	7/12/2004	14:46	8.98	9.35
S29C	7/12/2004	13:56	4.68	13.83
S30B	7/12/2004	14:06	4.64	13.87
S31B	7/12/2004	13:52	4.40	14.11
S32B	7/12/2004	13:55	4.60	13.91
S33C	7/12/2004	13:58	4.68	13.83
S35B	7/12/2004	14:16	4.70	13.81
S36B	7/12/2004	13:47	4.64	13.87
S37B	7/12/2004	14:00	4.52	13.99
S54D	7/12/2004	14:14	4.46	14.05
S55B	7/12/2004	14:19	4.28	14.23
S55C	7/12/2004	14:20	4.25	14.26
S56B	7/12/2004	14:36	4.25	14.26
S56C	7/12/2004	14:36	4.28	14.23
S56D	7/12/2004	14:37	4.26	14.25

Table 2 (continued). Water-Level Data at the STAR Center

Location	Measurement		Water Depth From Land Surface (Ft)	Ground Water Elevation (ft NGVD)
	Date	Time		
S57B	7/12/2004	14:25	4.22	14.29
S57C	7/12/2004	14:25	4.24	14.27
S57D	7/12/2004	14:26	4.31	14.20
S59B	7/12/2004	13:35	4.27	14.24
S59C	7/12/2004	13:35	4.27	14.24
S59D	7/12/2004	13:36	4.36	14.15
S60B	7/12/2004	13:27	4.48	14.03
S60C	7/12/2004	13:27	4.47	14.04
S60D	7/12/2004	13:28	4.55	13.96
S67B	7/12/2004	13:19	4.23	14.24
S67C	7/12/2004	13:20	4.33	14.14
S67D	7/12/2004	13:20	4.49	13.99
S68B	7/12/2004	15:11	4.15	13.75
S68C	7/12/2004	15:11	4.31	13.59
S68D	7/12/2004	15:12	4.33	13.57
S69B	7/12/2004	15:30	2.72	13.28
S69C	7/12/2004	15:29	2.75	13.25
S69D	7/12/2004	15:28	2.74	13.26
S70B	7/12/2004	15:06	3.13	13.57
S70C	7/12/2004	15:07	3.14	13.56
S70D	7/12/2004	15:08	3.23	13.47
S71B	7/12/2004	15:18	4.70	13.70
S71C	7/12/2004	15:22	4.89	13.51
S71D	7/12/2004	15:22	4.84	13.56
S72B	7/12/2004	15:27	5.08	13.12
S72C	7/12/2004	15:27	5.12	13.08
S72D	7/12/2004	15:25	5.15	13.05
S73B	7/12/2004	15:34	3.82	13.18
S73C	7/12/2004	15:33	3.92	13.08
S73D	7/12/2004	15:29	3.98	13.02
TE03	7/12/2004	14:11	3.01	13.99
<b>PIN15</b>			<b>Northeast Site</b>	
0506	7/12/2004	11:29	3.24	13.76
0507	7/12/2004	11:28	3.27	13.73
0510	7/12/2004	13:37	3.14	14.38
0513	7/12/2004	11:32	11.55	6.05
0514	7/12/2004	11:23	3.09	14.41
0515	7/12/2004	11:22	3.10	14.40
0516	7/12/2004	11:21	3.39	14.01
0518	7/12/2004	11:36	3.49	14.31
0520	7/12/2004	11:30	3.30	13.90
0523	7/12/2004	10:43	1.81	16.19
0530	7/12/2004	13:10	3.15	14.25
0534	7/12/2004	11:31	3.27	14.03
0535	7/12/2004	13:13	3.15	14.45

Table 2 (continued). Water-Level Data at the STAR Center

Location	Measurement		Water Depth From Land Surface (Ft)	Ground Water Elevation (ft NGVD)
	Date	Time		
0537	7/12/2004	11:05	3.46	15.14
0557	7/12/2004	10:57	3.55	15.55
0559	7/12/2004	13:51	3.82	14.97
0560	7/12/2004	12:59	3.08	14.92
0561	7/12/2004	13:00	2.94	15.06
0562	7/12/2004	13:23	2.78	15.02
0563	7/12/2004	13:24	2.68	15.12
0564	7/12/2004	13:21	2.44	14.76
0565	7/12/2004	13:20	2.67	14.53
0566	7/12/2004	13:09	2.87	14.63
0567	7/12/2004	13:05	3.14	14.36
0568	7/12/2004	13:34	3.93	14.57
0569	7/12/2004	13:32	4.14	14.24
0570	7/12/2004	13:38	3.78	14.20
0571	7/12/2004	13:46	2.84	14.63
0572	7/12/2004	13:45	2.88	14.63
0573	7/12/2004	11:47	3.35	15.03
0574	7/12/2004	11:46	3.48	14.94
0575	7/12/2004	11:44	2.91	14.93
0576	7/12/2004	11:45	2.54	14.94
0577	7/12/2004	11:42	2.75	14.89
0578	7/12/2004	11:41	2.67	14.85
E001	7/12/2004	11:25	2.22	13.80
M03D	7/12/2004	10:48	2.53	15.57
M03S	7/12/2004	10:49	2.50	15.60
M12D	7/12/2004	11:35	3.11	14.09
M12S	7/12/2004	11:34	3.76	13.74
M14D	7/12/2004	14:17	2.50	15.50
M14S	7/12/2004	14:16	2.43	15.57
M16D	7/12/2004	10:55	2.72	15.48
M16S	7/12/2004	10:56	2.72	15.48
M24D	7/12/2004	11:38	2.94	14.86
M27D	7/12/2004	13:17	3.17	14.43
M27S	7/12/2004	13:15	3.55	14.05
M29D	7/12/2004	11:18	3.04	14.56
M29S	7/12/2004	11:17	3.31	14.29
M30D	7/12/2004	11:01	2.43	15.47
M30S	7/12/2004	11:04	2.29	15.51
M31D	7/12/2004	11:10	2.89	15.11
M31S	7/12/2004	11:08	2.87	15.13
M32D	7/12/2004	11:07	2.93	14.87
M32S	7/12/2004	11:08	2.76	15.04
M33D	7/12/2004	11:39	3.07	14.53
M37D	7/12/2004	11:14	3.12	14.88

Table 2 (continued). Water-Level Data at the STAR Center

Location	Measurement		Water Depth From Land Surface (Ft)	Ground Water Elevation (ft NGVD)
	Date	Time		
RW07	7/12/2004	11:16	3.04	14.56
RW10	7/12/2004	11:12	3.02	14.88
RW14	7/12/2004	11:16	3.27	14.63
RW15	7/12/2004	11:19	2.62	14.58
RW16	7/12/2004	11:06	2.96	15.04
RW17	7/12/2004	11:04	3.26	15.54
<b>PIN18</b>			<b>Wastewater Neutralization Area</b>	
0500	7/12/2004	14:25	6.34	13.76
0502	7/12/2004	14:26	5.33	14.67
0503	7/12/2004	14:20	3.48	14.20
0504	7/12/2004	14:28	4.12	15.48
0505	7/12/2004	14:18	3.96	13.92
0506	7/12/2004	14:15	3.66	14.05
0508	7/12/2004	14:29	4.13	15.37
0509	7/12/2004	14:18	3.96	13.87
0510	7/12/2004	14:16	3.78	13.98
0511	7/12/2004	13:57	2.86	15.94
0512	7/12/2004	13:58	2.62	15.98
0513	7/12/2004	13:46	2.74	16.06
0514	7/12/2004	14:22	3.50	14.28
0515	7/12/2004	14:21	4.08	14.33
0516	7/12/2004	14:22	4.28	14.13
0517	7/12/2004	14:24	4.17	14.08
0518	7/12/2004	14:23	4.21	13.99
0519	7/12/2004	14:25	4.27	14.01
0520	7/12/2004	14:31	4.45	13.55
0521	7/12/2004	14:32	5.14	12.96
0522	7/12/2004	14:33	5.19	12.91
0523	7/12/2004	14:34	5.25	14.15
0524	7/12/2004	14:35	4.96	14.04
0525	7/12/2004	14:36	4.94	13.96
0526	7/12/2004	14:02	2.81	15.79
<b>PIN21</b>			<b>Perimeter Monitoring Wells</b>	
0500	7/12/2004	13:57	4.91	13.19
0501	7/12/2004	13:55	4.85	13.15
0502	7/12/2004	15:38	2.42	12.78
0503	7/12/2004	15:40	2.45	12.75
0504	7/12/2004	14:52	4.31	13.29
0505	7/12/2004	14:52	4.09	13.31
0512	7/12/2004	14:50	4.16	13.14
<b>PIN23</b>			<b>Southwest Pond</b>	
SW01	7/12/2004	14:37		13.34
<b>PIN37</b>			<b>South Pond</b>	
S001	7/12/2004	14:38		13.38

Table 3. Floridan Aquifer Monitoring Well Water Elevations

Well Identification	Previous Water Level Elevation (ft, MSL)	Current Water Level Elevation (ft, MSL)
PIN15-0513	6.08	6.05
PIN12-0527	6.17	6.28
PIN12-0528	5.99	6.13

Table 4. Vertical Hydraulic Differential

Water Level Measured From	Well Identification	Water Level Elevation (ft, MSL)
Deep Surficial Aquifer	PIN15-M12D	14.09
Floridan Aquifer	PIN15-0513	6.05

Table 5. Surface Water Elevations

Pond Location	Previous Water Level Elevation (ft, MSL)	Current Water Level Elevation (ft, MSL)
East Pond	14.19	13.80
South Pond	13.44	13.38
West Pond	< 17.18 <sup>a</sup>	15.32
Southwest Pond	13.46	13.34

<sup>a</sup>The West Pond elevation was below the lowest measuring point elevation of 17.18.

Table 6. Field Measurements of Samples Collected at the STAR Center

Location	Screen Depth (ft bls)	Temperature (°C)	Specific Conductance (µmhos/cm) <sup>a</sup>	Turbidity (NTU)	pH	Oxidation Reduction Potential (mV)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)
<b>PIN12</b>		<b>Industrial Drain Leaks Bldg 100</b>					
0513	15–25	25.31	1,397	3.58	6.49	-102	0.51
0514	30–40	25.3	1,597	88.4	6.45	-234.6	0.11
0526	19.5–29.5	30.41	2,130	13.7	6.47	-204.9	--
S73B	10–20	31.04	1,047	448	6.53	-188.4	0.36
S73C	20–30	30.48	1,850	96.1	6.34	-122	2.05
S73D	30–40	31.85	1,967	>1,000	6.35	-38.4	1.9
<b>PIN15</b>		<b>Northeast Site</b>					
0537	17.5–30	25.6	1,205	3.8	6.66	-145.5	0.67
0568	10–20	28.79	1,582	18.8	6.59	-110.4	0.29
0569	20–30	27.52	718	66.5	6.38	-37.9	0.71
0570	20–30	30.65	2,371	122	6.57	-148.1	0.36
0571	10–20	30.02	1,019	19.3	6.69	-94.2	0.48
0572	20–30	28.95	1,116	47.1	6.61	-131.2	0.54
0574	18–28	43.8	1,612	1.6	6.81	-190.1	1.13
0575	5–15	39.2	927	10.4	6.73	-141.6	0.68
0576	20–30	49.8	698	0.5	6.99	-165.6	0.83
0577	5–15	37.8	407	27.5	6.76	-89.6	--
0578	20–30	42.4	466	2.6	7.05	-201.1	0.53
M31D	19.5–29.5	25.1	1,511	7.3	6.47	-153.3	0.31
M31S	4.5–14.5	26.4	1,186	5.1	6.77	-193.4	0.48
RW16	20–30	25.4	1,250	2.7	6.72	-152	0.18
<b>PIN18</b>		<b>Wastewater Neutralization Area</b>					
0500	11–16	26.61	426	4.23	7.12	-127.8	0.3
0502	11–16	27.22	907	3.85	6.54	-46.8	0.32
0521	20–30	25.1	284	0.7	6.78	-98	0.8
0522	5–15	27.1	268	6	6.73	0.2	2.45
0523	32.5–42.5	26.5	196	29.8	6.72	-37.6	1.34
0524	20–30	25.8	380	7.8	6.75	-107	0.92
0525	5–15	28.6	190	15.8	6.72	62.7	2.26

<sup>a</sup>Temperature corrected to 25°C.

-- Not measured

Table 7. COPC Concentrations at the Northeast Site  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	Vinyl chloride	Methylene chloride	Benzene	Toluene	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,000</b>	
<b>PIN15</b>			<b>Northeast Site</b>							
0506	12–21.5	10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	1.3	<0.5	<0.5	1.3
0507	5–14.5	10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0510	4–13.5	4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0513	135–149.6	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0514	15.5–25.5	10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	7.9	<1	7.9
		4/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	79.1	4.1J	79.1
0515	7.6–17.6	10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0516	0.3–10.3	10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0518	23–28	4/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
0520	5–14.5	10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0523	5–14.5	4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0530	5–14.5	7/16/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0534	19.5–29	10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
0535	20.5–30	7/16/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	2.1	<1	2.1
		10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	3.5	<1	3.5
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	2.6	<0.5	2.6
0537	17.5–30	7/15/2003	0.51J	71	71	170	<12	3.6	<2.5	244.6
		10/13/2003	<2.5	7.2	7.2	76	<12	8	<2.5	91.2
		1/15/2004	364	1,340	1,340	668	<5	6	<2.5	2,378
		4/15/2004	16J	795	795	943	<20	<10	<10	1,738
		7/13/2004	<5	33.3	33.3	522	<10	<5	<5	555.3
0557	21–31	10/10/2003	<1	<1	ND	0.31J	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	2.9	<1	<0.5	<0.5	2.9
0559	22–31.5	7/16/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	2	<1	2
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	0.61J	<0.5	ND
0560	19–28.5	7/23/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0561	5–14.5	7/24/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND

Table 7 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Northeast Site  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	Vinyl chloride	Methylene chloride	Benzene	Toluene	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,000</b>	
0562	20–29.5	7/23/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
0563	5–14.5	7/23/2003	1.1	1.8	1.8	<1	0.32J	0.21J	<1	2.9
		10/14/2003	3.5	<1	ND	<1	<5	0.1J	<1	3.5
		4/15/2004	2.8J	4J	4J	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
0564	20–29.5	7/23/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0565	5–14.5	7/23/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/14/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0566	19–28.5	7/23/2003	<1	1.4	1.4	6	<5	1.8	1.2	10.4
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	1	<1	1
		4/16/2004	<0.5	0.62J	0.62J	1.2	<1	0.55J	<0.5	1.2
0567	5–14.5	7/23/2003	<1	1.3	1.3	0.38J	<5	<1	<1	1.3
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	0.73J	28.4	35.4	19.9	<1	3.5	<0.5	58.8
0568	10–20	7/21/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		1/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
		7/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0569	20–30	7/21/2003	<1	<1	ND	38	<5	2.8	0.18J	40.8
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	13	<5	1.8	<1	14.8
		1/16/2004	<1	<1	ND	44.9	<2	3.4	<1	48.3
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	30.2	<1	1.9	<0.5	32.1
		7/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	19	<1	0.68J	<0.5	19
0570	20–30	7/18/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	0.32J	ND
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		1/15/2004	<5	<5	ND	<5	<10	<5	<5	ND
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
		7/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0571	10–20	7/21/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		1/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
		7/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0572	20–30	7/21/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		1/15/2004	<5	<5	ND	<5	<10	<5	<5	ND
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
		7/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND

Table 7 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Northeast Site  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	Vinyl chloride	Methylene chloride	Benzene	Toluene	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,000</b>	
0573	5-15	7/13/2004	<2.5	63.3	63.3	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	63.3
0574	18-28	7/13/2004	6.6	351	351	210	<5	<2.5	<2.5	567.6
0575	5-15	7/23/2004	<0.5	1.5	5.4	77.1	<1	<0.5	4.5	87
0576	20-30	7/23/2004	<0.5	3	4	<0.5	<1	0.85J	0.6J	4
0577	5-15	7/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	23.1	339	<1	<0.5	394	756.1
0578	20-30	7/23/2004	<0.5	5.7	8.3	24.4	<1	<0.5	1.7	34.4
M03D	15-25	10/10/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/17/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
M03S	2.5-12	10/10/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M12D	22.5-32.5	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M12S	5-14.5	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M14D	18.5-28.5	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M14S	4-14	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M16D	18.5-28.5	4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	0.58J	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M16S	5-14.5	4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M24D	20-30	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M27D	21-31	7/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	2.5	<1	2.5
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	4.8	<1	4.8
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	1.6	<0.5	1.6
M27S	6-16	7/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M29D	20-30	10/15/2003	<25	<25	ND	<25	<120	<25	<25	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M29S	5-15	10/15/2003	<25	<25	ND	<25	<120	<25	<25	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M30D	20.5-30.5	10/10/2003	<5	<5	ND	390	<25	<5	<5	390
		4/16/2004	<100	8,550	8,550	2,740	<200	<100	<100	11,290
M30S	5.5-15.5	10/10/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	27.7	<1	<0.5	<0.5	27.7
M31D	19.5-29.5	7/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	6.8	<5	4.2	<1	11
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	12	<5	8.4	<1	20.4
		1/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	6	<2.5	6
		4/16/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	21.3	<5	13	<2.5	34.3
		7/13/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	19.3	<1	17.9	1.8	39
M31S	4.5-14.5	7/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		1/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<5	<2.5	<2.5	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
		7/13/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND

Table 7 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Northeast Site  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	Vinyl chloride	Methylene chloride	Benzene	Toluene	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,000</b>	
M32D	14–24	7/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M32S	3–13	7/15/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	ND	<1	<5	<1	<1	ND
		4/16/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
M33D	20–30	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.5	ND
RW16	20–30	7/15/2003	<25	610	610	1,400	<120	<25	<25	2,010
		10/15/2003	<25	340	340	890	<120	<25	<25	1,230
		1/16/2004	<5	451	451	925	<10	6.4J	<5	1,376
		4/16/2004	<2.5	65.6	65.6	388	<5	3.3J	<2.5	453.6
		7/13/2004	<10	373	373	968	<20	<10	<10	1,341

<sup>a</sup>Before December 18, 2003 "<" values are reporting limits. On or after December 18, 2003 "<" values are method detection limits.

<sup>b</sup>Total 1,2-DCE is the sum of cis-1,2-DCE and trans-1,2-DCE.

<sup>c</sup>Total COPC is the sum of the individual COPC concentrations. The cis-1,2-DCE values is not part of the total COPC value because this value is included in the total 1,2-DCE value. "J" values are not included in the total COPC value.

ND = Not detected

J = Estimated value, result is between the reporting limit and the method detection limit.

Table 8. COPC Concentrations at the Building 100 Area  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	trans-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	1,1-DCE	Vinyl chloride	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	
<b>PIN06</b>		<b>Old Drum Storage Site</b>							
0500	3-13	10/14/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	0.82J	<0.5	0.82J	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0501	3-13	10/15/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
<b>PIN09</b>		<b>Incinerator Site</b>							
0500	3-13	4/22/2004	<0.5	1	<0.5	1	<0.5	<0.5	1
<b>PIN10</b>		<b>Incinerator Ditch</b>							
0500	3-13	4/22/2004	0.74J	3	<0.5	3	<0.5	0.61J	3
<b>PIN12</b>		<b>Industrial Drain Leaks Bldg 100</b>							
0508	3-13	4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0509	3-13	10/15/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0510	3-13	10/15/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0511	3-13	4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0512	3-13	4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0513	15-25	7/22/2003	<1	8.5	1.4	9.9	<1	27	36.9
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	1.5	1.5	<1	1.4	2.9
		1/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<2.5	ND
		4/18/2004	<0.5	0.76J	2	2	<0.5	3.7	5.7
		7/21/2004	<0.5	2.8	2.1	4.9	<0.5	9.1	14
0514	30-40	7/22/2003	<1	21	58	79	<1	120	199
		10/13/2003	<1	7.2	45	52.2	<1	32	84.2
		1/13/2004	<1	8.7	31	39.7	<1	22	61.7
		1/15/2004	<2.5	13.9	32.9	46.8	<2.5	37.7	84.5
		4/18/2004	<0.5	12.4	40.3	52.7	<0.5	54.5	107.2
		7/21/2004	<0.5	14.6	36.3	50.9	<0.5	71.8	122.7
0515	15-25	4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0516	30-40	4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0517	15-25	10/13/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0518	30-40	10/13/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/17/2004	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<2.5	ND
0520	36-46	10/14/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	32	32
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	21.1	21.1
0521	19.5-29.5	10/15/2003	0.66J	0.98J	0.23J	1.21J	<1	0.5J	ND
		4/22/2004	1.7	2.2	<0.5	2.2	<0.5	1.9	5.8
0522	32-42	10/15/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/23/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0523	18-28	10/15/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/23/2004	<0.5	0.79J	<0.5	0.79J	<0.5	0.61J	ND

Table 8 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Building 100 Area  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	trans-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	1,1-DCE	Vinyl chloride	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	
0524	27-37	7/22/2003	<100	7,900	14J	7,900	170	800	8,870
		10/13/2003	230	6,900	<100	6,900	<100	400	7,530
		4/17/2004	1,220	5,990	<50	5,990	207	1,040	8,457
0525	12-22	7/22/2003	<1	2.7	<1	2.7	<1	0.22J	2.7
		10/13/2003	<1	0.48J	<1	0.48J	<1	<1	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	2.3	<0.5	2.3	<0.5	<0.5	2.3
0526	19.5-29.5	7/18/2003	<1	2.2	1	3.2	<1	<1	3.2
		10/10/2003	<1	4.4	2.1	6.5	<1	1.2	7.7
		1/13/2004	<1	9.4	3.4	12.8	<1	3	15.8
		1/15/2004	<2.5	12.9	3.7J	12.9	<2.5	<2.5	12.9
		4/17/2004	<0.5	2.5	1.3	3.8	<0.5	1.6	5.4
		7/22/2004	<0.5	2.8	1.2	4	<0.5	1.1	5.1
0527	118-137.9	4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0528	127-146.9	4/18/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
RW01	19-29	10/2/2003	6,800	4,200	<100	4,200	<100	650	11,650
		1/7/2004	5,840	3,360	50.4	3,410.4	36.2	727	10,013.6
		4/6/2004	6,130	2,940	70.2	3,010.2	51.8	845	10,037
		7/6/2004	4,840	2,950	<50	2,950	<50	874	8,664
RW02	25-35	10/2/2003	530	840	76	916	<25	75	1,521
		1/7/2004	778	888	68.4	956.4	25.2	136	1,895.6
		4/6/2004	499	674	74.3	748.3	25.7	92.1	1,365.1
		7/6/2004	538	765	60.4	825.4	21.9	95.9	1,481.2
S29C	14-24	10/8/2003	<1	19	6.4	25.4	<1	48	73.4
		3/31/2004	<0.5	9.8	7.1	16.9	<0.5	52.3	69.2
S30B	5-15	10/8/2003	160J	11,000	370	11,370	<250	1,600	12,970
		3/31/2004	77.3	2,600	120	2,720	<25	40.9J	2,797.3
S31B	5-15	10/8/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		3/31/2004	<0.5	0.59J	<0.5	0.59J	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S32B	5.5-15.5	10/8/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		3/31/2004	<0.5	4.6	<0.5	4.6	<0.5	1.4	6
S33C	11-21	10/8/2003	<25	1,300	90	1,390	<25	2,400	3,790
		3/31/2004	13.4	233	163	396	6.7	1,920	2,336.1
S35B	5-15	10/8/2003	16,000	68,000	4,500	72,500	<1,000	13,000	101,500
		3/31/2004	15,700	62,900	6,200	69,100	<500	17,800	102,600
S36B	5-15	3/31/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S37B	5-15	3/31/2004	<5	379	<5	379	<5	191	570
S54D	36-41	4/1/2004	11,000	33,600	280J	33,600	596	4,100	49,296
S55B	10-19.8	4/1/2004	<10	1,130	16.1J	1,130	<10	8,910	10,040
S55C	20.5-30.3	4/1/2004	<25	4,940	47.3J	4,940	<25	1,390	6,330
S56B	10-19.8	4/1/2004	31	199	2.3	201.3	2.7	29.1	264.1
S56C	20.5-30.3	4/1/2004	23.9	125	1.9	126.9	2	16.7	169.5
S56D	31-40.8	4/1/2004	32.8	157	2.2	159.2	2.4	17.6	212
S57B	10-19.8	4/1/2004	<1	3.1	<1	3.1	<1	1.5J	3.1
S57C	20.5-30.3	4/1/2004	10,900	21,200	<250	21,200	1,020	11,000	44,120

Table 8 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Building 100 Area  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	trans-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	1,1-DCE	Vinyl chloride	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	
S57D	31.5–41.3	4/1/2004	48.5	438	6.9J	438	16.9	407	910.4
S59B	10–19.8	4/15/2004	<0.5	0.58J	<0.5	0.58J	<0.5	1.1	1.1
S59C	20.5–30.3	4/15/2004	<0.5	7.1	<0.5	7.1	<0.5	17.3	24.4
S59D	31–40.8	4/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<2.5	ND
S60B	10–19.8	4/15/2004	<0.5	4.9	<0.5	4.9	0.74J	1.9	6.8
S60C	20.5–30.3	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S60D	31–40.8	4/15/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S67B	10–19.83	7/22/2003	<10	40	<10	40	<10	660	700
		4/15/2004	<0.5	33.2	5.3	38.5	<0.5	518	556.5
S67C	20–29.83	7/22/2003	<10	520	81	601	<10	200	801
		4/15/2004	<5	519	104	623	<5	415	1,038
S67D	30–39.83	7/22/2003	<2.5	210	27	237	1.7J	100	337
		4/15/2004	<0.5	105	23.1	128.1	1.3	91.6	221
S68B	10–20	7/22/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S68C	18–28	7/22/2003	<1	2	<1	2	<1	1.7	3.7
		10/13/2003	<1	4.3	<1	4.3	<1	5.7	10
		4/22/2004	<0.5	4	<0.5	4	<0.5	5.3	9.3
S68D	30–40	7/22/2003	<1	78	<1	78	<1	63	141
		10/13/2003	<1	84	3.4	87.4	<1	77	164.4
		4/22/2004	<0.5	58.9	1.1	60	<0.5	55.7	115.7
S69B	10–20	7/18/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/10/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S69C	20–30	7/18/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/10/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	0.91J	<0.5	0.91J	<0.5	1.1	1.1
S69D	30–40	7/18/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/10/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	1.6	<0.5	1.6	<0.5	<0.5	1.6
S70B	10–20	7/21/2003	<1	28	0.52J	28	<1	30	58
		10/10/2003	<1	29	<1	29	<1	24	53
		4/18/2004	<0.5	27.4	0.6J	27.4	<0.5	33.7	61.1
S70C	20–30	7/21/2003	<1	28	8.5	36.5	0.52J	12	48.5
		10/10/2003	<1	29	8.1	37.1	<1	11	48.1
		4/18/2004	<0.5	24.3	8	32.3	0.79J	17.1	49.4
S70D	30–40	7/21/2003	<1	11	3.8	14.8	<1	1.8	16.6
		10/10/2003	<1	13	2.5	15.5	<1	0.26J	15.5
		4/18/2004	<0.5	11.2	4.2	15.4	<0.5	5.8	21.2
S71B	10–20	7/21/2003	<1	8.5	3.8	12.3	<1	1.6	13.9
		10/10/2003	<1	10	3	13	<1	0.33J	13
		4/22/2004	<0.5	2.4	1.4	3.8	<0.5	<0.5	3.8

Table 8 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Building 100 Area  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	trans-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	1,1-DCE	Vinyl chloride	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	
S71C	20–30	7/21/2003	<2.5	120	64	184	0.83J	140	324
		10/10/2003	<2.5	120	52	172	<2.5	160	332
		4/22/2004	<0.5	67.5	35.3	102.8	1.7	59.3	163.8
S71D	30–40	7/21/2003	<1	3.2	0.44J	3.2	<1	<1	3.2
		10/10/2003	<1	3.4	<1	3.4	<1	<1	3.4
		4/22/2004	<0.5	6.1	1.6	7.7	<0.5	2	9.7
S72B	10–20	7/22/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/9/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S72C	20–30	7/21/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/9/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	0.81J	<0.5	0.81J	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S72D	30–40	7/21/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/9/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S73B	10–20	7/22/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/9/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		1/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<2.5	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
		7/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
S73C	20–30	7/22/2003	<1	28	14	42	<1	18	60
		10/7/2003	<1	26	11	37	<1	9	46
		1/13/2004	<1	20	8.9	28.9	0.39J	11	39.9
		1/15/2004	<2.5	20.7	9.6	30.3	<2.5	10.7	41
		4/22/2004	<0.5	14	10.1	24.1	<0.5	13.8	37.9
		7/22/2004	<0.5	6.6	5.2	11.8	<0.5	10	21.8
S73D	30–40	7/22/2003	<1	0.94J	<1	0.94J	<1	<1	ND
		10/7/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		1/15/2004	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	<2.5	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	1.7	0.65J	1.7	<0.5	<0.5	1.7
		7/22/2004	<0.5	0.66J	<0.5	0.66J	<0.5	<0.5	ND
TE03	–	4/17/2004	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	ND	<2.5	9	9
<b>PIN21</b>		<b>Perimeter Monitoring Wells</b>							
0500	7–17	4/20/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0501	20–28	4/20/2004	<0.5	2.4	<0.5	2.4	<0.5	<0.5	2.4
0502	7–17	7/18/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/9/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0503	20–28	7/18/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/9/2003	5.2	8.7	<1	8.7	<1	<1	13.9
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0504	7–17	7/18/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND

Table 8 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Building 100 Area  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	trans-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>b</sup>	1,1-DCE	Vinyl chloride	Total COPC <sup>c</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	
0505	20–28	7/18/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		10/13/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	<1	ND
		4/22/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND
0512	20–29.5	7/17/2003	<1	0.43J	<1	0.43J	<1	<1	ND
		10/9/2003	<1	<1	<1	ND	<1	1.3	1.3
		4/21/2004	<0.5	3	<0.5	3	<0.5	4.9	7.9

<sup>a</sup>Before December 18, 2003 "<" values are reporting limits. On or after December 18, 2003 "<" values are method detection limits.

<sup>b</sup>Total 1,2-DCE is the sum of cis-1,2-DCE and trans-1,2-DCE.

<sup>c</sup>Total COPC is the sum of the individual COPC concentrations. The cis-1,2-DCE and trans-1,2-DCE values are not part of the total COPC value because these values are included in the total 1,2-DCE value. "J" values are not included in the total COPC value.

ND = Not detected

J = Estimated value, result is between the reporting limit and the method detection limit.

B = Analyte also found in method blank.

Table 9. COPC Concentrations at the Wastewater Neutralization Area  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	Vinyl chloride	Arsenic	Total COPC <sup>b</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>1</b>	<b>50</b>	
<b>PIN18</b>		<b>Wastewater Neutralization Area</b>			
0500	11-16	7/17/2003	--	85	85
		10/14/2003	--	93	93
		1/16/2004	--	76.4	76.4
		4/21/2004	<0.5	68.1	68.1
		7/21/2004	--	68.1	68.1
0502	11-16	7/17/2003	--	58	58
		10/14/2003	--	84	84
		1/16/2004	--	30.4	30.4
		4/21/2004	<0.5	28.7	28.7
		7/21/2004	--	41	41
0503	10-20	10/11/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0504	13-22	10/14/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/21/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0505	10.5-20.5	10/11/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0506	12-22	10/11/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0507	27-37	10/11/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0508	31-41	10/14/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/20/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0509	27.5-37.5	10/11/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0510	27.5-37.5	10/11/2003	--	<10	ND
		4/17/2004	0.52J	<3.5	ND
0511	32-42	4/21/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0512	21-31	4/21/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0513	12-22	4/21/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0514	32.5-42.5	4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0515	22.5-32.5	4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0516	12.5-22	4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0517	31.5-41.5	4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0518	22.5-32.5	4/17/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0519	12.5-22.5	4/17/2004	4.9	<3.5	4.9
0520	32.5-42.5	4/19/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
0521	20-30	7/17/2003	--	<10	ND
		10/14/2003	--	6.4J	ND
		1/16/2004	--	<3.5	ND
		4/19/2004	<0.5	6.4B	ND
		7/21/2004	--	6.5B	ND
0522	5-15	7/17/2003	--	33	33
		10/14/2003	--	13	13
		1/16/2004	--	26.9	26.9
		4/19/2004	<0.5	9.6B	ND
		7/21/2004	--	9.8B	ND

Table 9 (continued). COPC Concentrations at the Wastewater Neutralization Area  
(reported in micrograms per liter)<sup>a</sup>

Location	Screen Depth (ft)	Date Sampled	Vinyl chloride	Arsenic	Total COPC <sup>b</sup>
<b>FDEP MCL</b>			<b>1</b>	<b>50</b>	
0523	32.5–42.5	7/16/2003	--	<10	ND
		10/14/2003	--	<10	ND
		1/16/2004	--	<3.5	ND
		4/19/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
		7/21/2004	--	<3.5	ND
0524	20–30	7/16/2003	--	22	22
		10/14/2003	--	26	26
		1/16/2004	--	27.6	27.6
		4/19/2004	<0.5	19.4	19.4
		7/21/2004	--	10.9	10.9
0525	5–15	7/16/2003	--	130	130
		10/14/2003	--	66	66
		1/16/2004	--	112	112
		4/19/2004	<0.5	117	117
		7/21/2004	--	130	130
0526	19.5–29	4/21/2004	<0.5	<3.5	ND
RW02	10–20	7/22/2003	<1	150	150
		10/2/2003	<1	130	130
		1/7/2004	--	36.3	36.3
		1/16/2004	<0.5	--	ND
		4/6/2004	<0.5	50.7	50.7
		7/6/2004	<0.5	564	564
RW03	9–24	7/22/2003	<1	41	41
		10/2/2003	<1	32	32
		1/7/2004	--	37.4	37.4
		1/16/2004	<0.5	--	ND
		4/6/2004	<0.5	48.3	48.3
		7/6/2004	<0.5	698	698
RW0501	11–16	7/22/2003	<1	160	160
		10/2/2003	<1	140	140
		1/7/2004	--	131	131
		1/16/2004	<0.5	--	ND
		4/6/2004	<0.5	147	147
		7/6/2004	<0.5	123	123

<sup>a</sup>Before December 18, 2003 "<" values are reporting limits. On or after December 18, 2003 "<" values are method detection limits.

<sup>b</sup>Total COPC is the sum of the individual COPC concentrations. "J" values or "B"-qualified arsenic values are not included in the total COPC value.

ND = Not detected

-- = Not measured

J = Estimated value, result is between the reporting limit and the method detection limit.

B = For inorganics: result is between the instrument detection limit and the reporting limit.

Table 10. Relative Percent Difference (RPD) for Duplicate Samples

Sample ID	Duplicate ID	Case Number	Constituent	S <sup>a</sup>	D <sup>b</sup>	RPD Value	5 times RL <sup>c</sup>	Fail <sup>d</sup>
PIN15-0537	PIN15-0651	F25408	cis-1,2-dichloroethene	33.3	29.7	11.4	25	
			Vinyl chloride	522	524	0.4	25	
PIN18-0500	PIN18-0650	F2554	Arsenic	0.068	0.067	2.1	0.0175	
PIN18-0525	PIN18-0650	F25554	Arsenic	0.13	0.126	3.1	0.0175	

<sup>a</sup>S = Original sample (N001), VOC concentrations in  $\mu$ g/L and metals in mg/L.

<sup>b</sup>D = Duplicate sample (N002), VOC concentrations in  $\mu$ g/L and metals in mg/L.

<sup>c</sup>RL = Reporting limit.

<sup>d</sup>Fail

Volatiles "Fail" when the RPD is greater than  $\pm$  30% and the concentration is more than 5 times the reporting limit. Metals "Fail" when the samples are more than 5 times the reporting limit and the RPD is greater than 20%. For metals samples that are less than 5 times the reporting limit the difference must be less than  $\pm$  the reporting limit (this includes the case when only one of the duplicate/sample values is less than 5 times the reporting limit).

Table 11. Summary of Analytical Results for the Building 100 Area Treatment System  
(reported in micrograms per liter unless otherwise noted)<sup>a</sup>

Location <sup>b</sup>	Date Sampled	TCE	cis-1,2-DCE	trans-1,2-DCE	Total 1,2-DCE <sup>c</sup>	1,1-DCE	Vinyl chloride	Total COPC <sup>d</sup>	CaCO <sub>3</sub> mg/L	Fe mg/L
<b>PIN12</b>		<b>Industrial Drain Leaks Bldg 100</b>								
TRTI	7/6/2004	707	1,000	20.2	1,020.2	<10	121	1,848.2	380	5.09
	8/10/2004	1,900	1,410	36.6	1,446.6	13.9J	264	3,610.6	357	4.65
	9/9/2004	1,950	1,330	30	1,360	14.7J	195	3,505	376	4.98
TRTE	7/6/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND	368	4.94
	8/10/2004	<0.5	0.61J	<0.5	0.61J	<0.5	<0.5	ND	357	4.61
	9/9/2004	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ND	<0.5	<0.5	ND	368	4.84

<sup>a</sup>"<" values are method detection limits.

<sup>b</sup>TRTI is the system influent and TRTE is the system effluent.

<sup>c</sup>Total 1,2-DCE is the sum of cis-1,2-DCE and trans-1,2-DCE

<sup>d</sup>Total COPC is the sum of the individual COPC concentrations. The cis-1,2-DCE value is not part of the total COPC value because this value is included in the total 1,2-DCE value. "J" values are not included in the total COPC value.

J = Estimated value, result is between the reporting limit and the method detection limit.

ND = Not detected.

*Table 12. Historical Summary of Ground Water Recovery from the Building 100 Recovery Wells*

<b>Report Date</b>	<b>Quarterly (gallons)</b>	<b>Cumulative Total To Date (gallons)</b>
April-June 2004	188,490	188,490
July-September 2004	410,734	599,224

Note: The Building 100 Ground Water Treatment System started operations in May 2004.

Table 13. Estimated Mass of VOCs Recovered from the Building 100 Recovery Wells During July, August, and September 2004

Month	Volume Treated (gallons)	Concentration <sup>a</sup>						
		cis-1,2-DCE (µg/L)	trans-1,2-DCE (µg/L)	Toluene (µg/L)	TCE (µg/L)	Methylene Chloride (µg/L)	Vinyl Chloride (µg/L)	Total VOCs (µg/L)
July 2004	139,473	1,000	20	<5	707	<10	121	1,863
August 2004	126,431	1,410	37	<5	1,900	66	264	3,682
September 2004	144,830	1,330	30	<5	1,950	<10	195	3,520

Month	Volume Treated (gallons)	Recovery <sup>b</sup>						
		cis-1,2-DCE (lbs)	trans-1,2-DCE (lbs)	Toluene (lbs)	TCE (lbs)	Methylene Chloride (lbs)	Vinyl Chloride (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)
July 2004	139,473	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.1	2.2
August 2004	126,431	1.5	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.1	0.3	3.9
September 2004	144,830	1.6	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.2	4.3

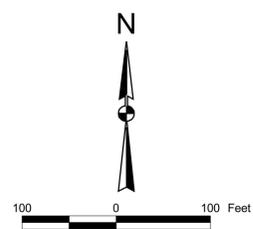
<sup>a</sup>These concentrations represent the average of weekly sampling results.

<sup>b</sup>Includes "J" (estimated) values. For any detection of "<", which indicates the laboratory could not detect that analyte, 50 percent of the "<" value was used for the calculation of recovery.





- 0516  
13.76
- Well Number and Ground Water Elevation in Feet (MSL)
- Monitoring Well
- Recovery Well
- Building
- - - Fence
- Pond
- - - Road
- - - Slurry Wall
- - - Railroad
- 14 Water Table Contour in Feet (MSL)
- Contour Interval = 1.0 Feet



## **Appendix A**

### **Laboratory Reports—July 2004 Quarterly Results**

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## **Appendix B**

### **Laboratory Reports for Building 100 Treatment System—July through September 2004**

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## **Appendix C**

### **Laboratory Reports for WWNA—July through September 2004**

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